# Registered Nurses Education in Canada Statistics

2015-2016

Registered Nurse Workforce, Canadian Production: Potential New Supply

# December 2017



Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing Association canadienne des écoles de sciences infirmières

casn.ca

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# **Message from the Executive Director**

*The Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing (CASN)* is pleased to present Registered Nurses Education in Canada Statistics, 2015–2016 — Registered Nurse Workforce, Canadian Production: Potential New Supply.

This annual report supports health human resources planning in both the nursing service and nursing education sectors. It represents the fruit of a strong partnership among national and provincial/territorial bodies and effective collaborative relationships with multiple stakeholders.

The report provides data and statistical analysis of

- the number of pre-licensure graduates eligible to apply for initial licensure/registration and enter the registered nurse (RN) workforce;
- the number of RNs obtaining graduate qualifications;
- the number of nurse practitioner (NP) graduates;
- innovations in nursing education program access and delivery;
- the composition of faculty delivering nursing education; and
- faculty retention and recruitment.

We extend our sincere thanks to the contributing faculty and staff of the schools of nursing for their effort, commitment, and collaboration. Without their annual support, this collection could not exist. We would also like to thank CASN members and the College of Nurses of Ontario who contributed to question testing, and the *Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec* who provide additional data for Québec.

We look forward to hearing your comments about the report.

Yours sincerely,

Cynthia Baker, RN, PhD

**Executive Director** 

Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing

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# Introduction

The Registered Nurses Education in Canada Statistics report is a product of the National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing (NSFS), and it is the only longitudinal national collection of nursing education data in Canada. The report includes entry-to-practice education programs for registered nurses, as well as master's and doctoral nursing programs and programs for nurse practitioners (NP). Data has been collected on RN students and faculty since 1963. Stakeholders are consulted annually regarding improvements and the continued applicability of selected survey questions.

#### National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing (NSFS)

Stakeholders	Role
Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing (CASN)	Survey program lead
	Registered nursing education lead (includes nurse practitioner education)

The Registered Nurses Education in Canada Statistics report of the NSFS focuses on two main elements: programs and faculty. Program elements provide data about the number of students admitted, enrolled, and graduating from nursing programs, the types of programs offered, and the approaches to program delivery. Faculty elements include numbers of faculty, types of faculty, their employment status, level of education attained and in progress, age cohort, and information on recruitment and retirement.

This publication provides an analytical report of the 2015–2016 data collected from the registered nurse (RN) and nurse practitioner portions of the NSFS. The key program findings are presented for 2015–2016, followed by the key RN faculty findings for 2016. The detailed 2015–2016 results are then presented. The results include data from the survey as well as data obtained from the *Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec* (OIIQ), added to offset survey under-reporting of admission and graduate data for Quebec's entry-to-practice diploma programs. The inclusion of the OIIQ data, in combination with the results of the NSFS, permits a pan-Canadian analysis.

Note: In order to ensure clarity the OHQ data is used for both the admissions and graduate data points for entry to practice in all sections of this report.

Previously, the use of OHQ data was limited to the section "Key Program Findings."

#### **Survey Distribution and Response**

The 2015–2016 NSFS survey was issued to all 137 schools of nursing in Canada offering entry-to-practice (ETP) pre-licensure education entitling successful graduates to apply for initial licensure/registration as an RN, and/or post-RN baccalaureate programs for nurses, NP, and/or graduate RN education.

Of the 137 schools, 117 schools completed the survey, including 92 of a possible 94 CASN members. Of the 117 schools, 24 were CÉGEPs. The overall survey response rate was 85.4%; the CASN member response rate was 97.9%. See the tables starting on page 22 for more detailed information about omitted or unusable data. On average, 80.6% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

#### **Data Comparison Timeframes**

Program inventory, admission, and enrolment data were collected for the 2015–2016 academic year. Unless otherwise stated, increases or decreases noted in the report are in relation to 2014–2015 data.

Graduate data were collected for calendar year 2016. Unless otherwise stated, increases or decreased noted in the 2016 data are in relation to the 2015 survey data.

Faculty data were also collected for calendar year 2016. Unless otherwise stated, comparisons of faculty data with previous results are in relation to 2015 data.

# **Survey Methodology**

See the Appendix for methodological information.

# 2015-2016 Key Program Findings

This section of the report highlights key findings regarding education programs in 2015–2016. It reveals trends related to the numbers of new graduates being prepared to enter the workforce as well as the modalities and educational level of the program they are taking across the country.

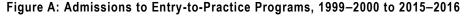
# **Entry-to-Practice Programs**

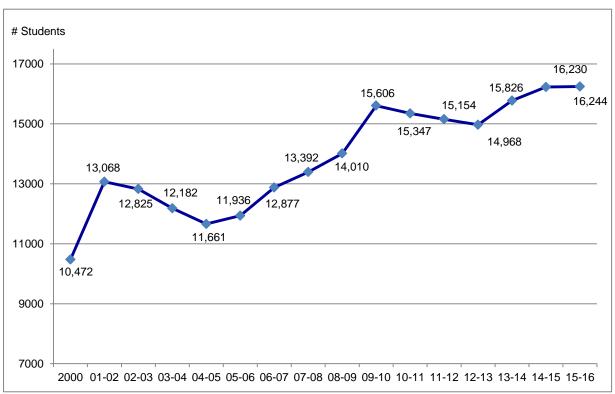
Entry-to-practice (ETP) programs entitle the successful graduate to apply or initial licensure/ registration as an RN.

- 115 of the 117 schools (98.3%) offered an ETP program.
- 89 of the 117 schools (76.1%) offered ETP baccalaureate programs.
- ETP baccalaureate programs were offered in every province and territory, except for the Yukon, where no registered nurse education programs exist.
- 41 colleges partnered with a university to deliver ETP baccalaureate programs; three colleges in British Columbia and 1 college in Manitoba granted ETP baccalaureate degrees autonomously.

#### **ETP Admissions**

• 16,244 students entered ETP programs in 2015–2016, an increase of 0.1% (from 16,230) (Figure A).





(Collection period changed from calendar year to academic year in 2001)

Sources: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing; Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec

Program inventory and

admissions are 2015-

compared with 2014-

2016 data as

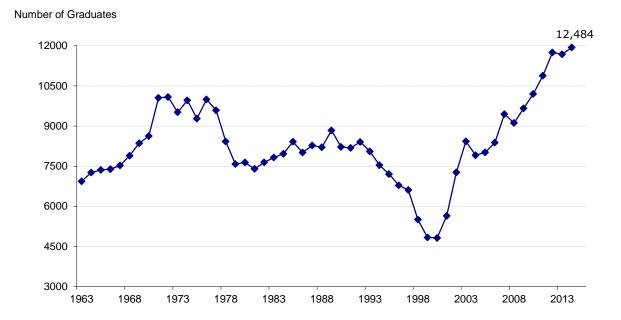
2015 data.

#### **ETP Graduates**

- By and large, the number of graduates has risen steadily between 2000 and 2016. However, the number of graduates decreased slightly in 2016 to 12,484, a 0.8% decrease compared with 2015 (12,579).
- The number of ETP graduates surpassed 10,000 for the seventh year in a row (Figure B).

Graduate data are 2016 data as compared with 2015 data.

Figure B: Graduates from Entry-to-Practice Programs, 1963-2016



Sources: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing; Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec

Note: The 2014–2015 figure has been revised based on corrections provided by the schools, resulting in a change from 12,549 to 12,579.

Table A: Percent Change of Number of Graduates from Entry-to-Practice Programs by Jurisdiction, 2012 to 2016

	2012	% Change '11 to '12	2013	% Change '12 to '13	2014	% Change '13 to '14	2015	% Change '14 to '15	2016	% Change '15 to '16
Jurisdiction		12		70		,,		10		10
Newfoundland and Labrador	253	13.5	237	-6.3	250	5.5	247	-1.2	228	-8
Prince Edward Island	62	-0.7	61	-0.2	73	19.7	63	-13.7	64	1.6
Nova Scotia	325	22.6	366	12.6	370	1.1	391	5.7	400	2.3
New Brunswick	344	18.2	235	-31.7	256	8.9	268	4.7	260	-3
Quebec	2,805	6.4	3,084	9.9	3,330	8.0	3,297	-1	3,319	0.7
Ontario	3,941	5.6	3,992	1.3	4,038	1.2	4,141	2.6	4,127	-0.3
Manitoba	351	-41.9	492	40.2	437	-11.8	470	7.3	471	0.2
Saskatchewan	409	5.7	407	-0.1	446	9.6	590	32.3	508	-14.9
Alberta	1,689	22.0	1,465	-13.3	1,383	-5.6	1,741	22.9	1,609	-6.1
British Columbia	1,534	12.0	1,312	-14.5	1,404	7.0	1,352	-3.7	1,481	9.1
Northwest Territories	13	-23.1	26	100	13	-50	16	23.1	11	-37.0
Nunavut	2	100	6	100	2	-66.7	3	50	6	66.7
Yukon (no programs)										
CANADA	11,728	7.2	11,683	-0.4	11,954	2.3	12,579	5.1	12,484	-0.8

Sources: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing; Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec

Note: Data for 2015 for Alberta have been revised based on corrected data provided by schools (1,711 to 1,741).

<sup>\*</sup> Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4

<sup>..</sup> Figure not available

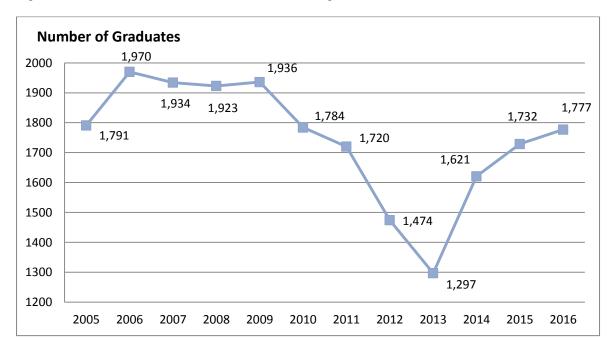
<sup>...</sup> Figure not appropriate or not applicable

#### **Post-RN Programs**

- 17.9% of schools (21 of 117 schools) offered one or more post-RN baccalaureate programs for diploma-trained nurses wishing to obtain a baccalaureate degree in nursing or nursing science.
- Post-RN programs were not reported by Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan, the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, and the Yukon.
- 1,777 diploma-trained RNs graduated from post-RN baccalaureate programs in 2016, representing a 2.6% increase from last year (Figure C).

Program inventory data are 2015–2016 data as compared with 2014–2015 data. Graduate data are 2016 data as compared with 2015 data.

Figure C: Graduates from Post-RN Baccalaureate Programs, 2005-2016



# **Master's and Doctoral Programs**

Admissions to doctoral programs have remained fairly stable in the last five years.

- 28.2% of schools (33 of 117 schools) offered one or more master's programs; master's programs were not available in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, or the Yukon.
- 14.5% of schools (17 of 117 schools) offered doctoral programs in 2015–2016.
- 1,037 students were admitted to master's programs, an increase of 3.4% since 2014–2015 (Figure D).
- 678 RNs graduated from master's programs, a 1.0% decrease from the previous year (Figure E).
- Admissions to doctoral programs increased by 13.7% from the previous year (Figure D).
- Total number of graduates from doctoral programs was 60 graduates in 2016 as compared with 66 in 2015, a decrease of 9.5% (Figure E).

Figure D: Admissions to Master's and Doctoral Programs, 2011–2012 to 2015–2016

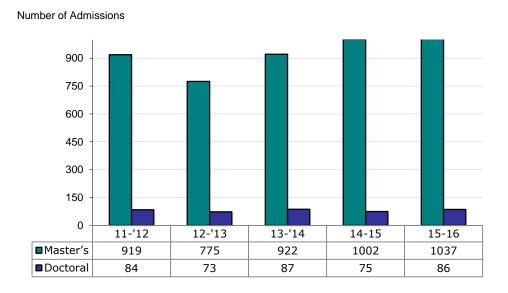
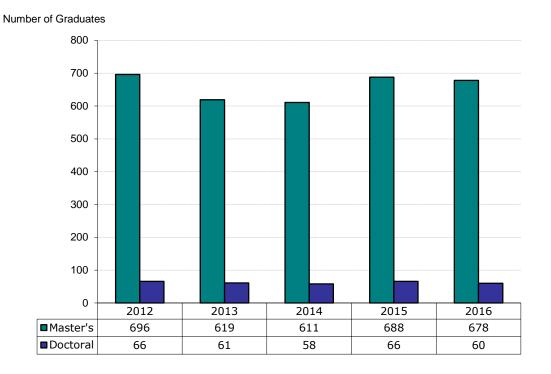


Figure E: Graduates from Master's and Doctoral Programs, 2012 to 2016



#### **Nurse Practitioner Programs**

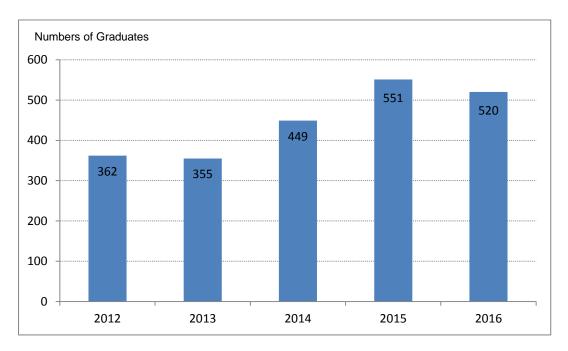
Nurse practitioner (NP) programs are offered at three educational levels: post-RN, master's, and post-master's.

- 23.0% of schools (28 of 117 schools) offered one or more NP programs.
- NP programs were reported in all provinces and territories, except for the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, and the Yukon.
- The number of students admitted to NP programs decreased in 2015–2016. It decreased 9.3% in 2015–2016 over 2014–2015, with 699 students entering a variety of NP programs (Figure F).
- Graduate levels for NP programs decreased by 5.8% in 2016 compared to 2015: 520 graduates in 2016 as compared with 551 in 2015. (Figure G).

Numbers of Admissions 800 757 700 699 600 577 500 468 467 400 300 200 100 0 11-'12 12-'13 13-'14 15-16 14-15

Figure F: Admissions to Nurse Practitioner Programs 2011–2012 to 2015–2016

Figure G: Graduates from Nurse Practitioner Programs 2012-2016



#### **Approaches to Program Delivery**

#### **Fast-Track ETP Programs**

Fast-track ETP programs allow students to complete an entry-to-practice baccalaureate degree in less than four years. These programs achieve this by offering courses throughout the spring and summer months and by admitting students who have already completed some of the program requirements, typically some of the foundational non-nursing course requirements. A variety of fast-track ETP programs are being offered, including those identified as *accelerated*, *fast-track*, *compressed*, *second-degree entry*, *advanced entry*, and *bridging* programs. The number of fast-track ETP programs continues to grow.

Note: The usual ETP baccalaureate program duration of four years may not be the standard program length for all ETP baccalaureate programs in Quebec. As a result, Quebec ETP programs are not counted as fast-tracked unless the school identifies the program as such.

- 36.8% of schools (43 of 117 schools) offered one or more ETP fast-track programs (Table B).
- Many of the 43 schools offered multiple fast-track program options (Table C).

Program inventory data are 2015–2016 data as compared with 2014–2015 data.

Table B: Number of Schools Offering Fast-Track Entry-to-Practice Programs by Jurisdiction, 2015–2016

	Canada	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
No. of Schools Offering Fast-Track ETP Programs	43	2	1	1	1	7	15	0	1	5	10			

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

Table C: Number of Fast-Track Entry-to-Practice Programs by Jurisdiction, 2011-2012 to 2015-2016

	Canada	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	вс	NT	NU	YT
2011-2012	93	3	1	6	4	9	28	2	2	17	18			
2012-2013	87	3	1	4	2	11	27	2	3	15	18			
2013-2014	72	2	1	1	1	11	17	4	5	14	16			
2014-2015	44	2	1	1	1	5	19		4	5	6			
2015-2016	68	2	1	1	2	5	20	0	8	11	18			

<sup>...</sup> Figure not appropriate or not applicable

<sup>...</sup> Figure not appropriate or not applicable

# **Distance Education Options**

For the purposes of this report, distance education (DE) is used to describe programs offered wholly electronically or in a blended model that incorporates online and face-to-face delivery.

- 55.6% of all programs (108 of 194 programs) used some form of DE (Table D).
- Some DE delivery is used in 96.4% of all nurse practitioner programs and in 61.8% of master's programs. Of Canada's 17 doctoral programs, 35.3% utilize some DE options.

Table D: Number and Types of Programs Utilizing some Distance Education by Jurisdiction, 2015–2016

Jurisdiction	ETP Baccalaureate	Post-RN Baccalaureate	Master's	Doctoral	Nurse Practitioner	Total All Programs
Newfoundland and Labrador		1	1		2	4
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia		2	1		1	4
New Brunswick	1	3	2		2	8
Quebec		3	5	3	4	15
Ontario	15	3	5		9	32
Manitoba	4	2	2	1	1	10
Saskatchewan	2				2	4
Alberta	3	2	1	1	1	8
British Columbia	8	6	4	1	4	23
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						
Yukon (no programs)						
DE Program Total	33	22	21	6	26	108
CANADA: Program Total (see Table 1 p. 20)	94	22	34	17	27	194
DE Programs as a % of Canada Program Total	35.1%	100%	61.8%	35.3%	96.2%	55.6%

<sup>...</sup> Figure not appropriate or not applicable

# 2016 Key RN Faculty Findings

The supply of RN faculty is a major factor affecting the capacity of programs to educate nurses. It is influenced by retirement of existing faculty, the inflow of newly prepared faculty, and variables such as the ability to attract and retain qualified faculty. It

RN or nursing faculty encompasses different types of nursing educators. For the purposes of this report:

- "Permanent faculty" refers to tenured/tenurable faculty who teach nursing courses in a university and permanent full-time or permanent part-time faculty who teach nursing courses in a college.
- "Full-time faculty" refers to full-time permanent faculty who teach nursing courses plus full-time contract faculty (these are faculty who hold contracts of one academic year or longer) who teach nursing courses.
- "Contract faculty" refers to full-time contract faculty (these are faculty who hold contracts of one academic year or longer) who teach nursing courses plus part-time contract faculty (these are faculty who hold contracts of less than one academic year) who teach nursing courses.
- Clinical faculty are not included in faculty counts.
- "RN faculty" and "faculty" refer to all of the above.

# **RN Faculty Demographics**

• 13,894 RN faculty members were employed by schools of nursing in 2016.

Faculty data are 2016 data as compared with 2015 data.

- Only 19.3% of faculty members are permanent: 2,680 of the 13,894 RN faculty (Table E).
- 57.1% of permanent faculty were 50 years of age or older; 39.3% of permanent faculty were 55 years or older (Table F) and 21.9% were 60 years or over.
- The RN faculty are older than the general RN workforce with the percentage of RN permanent faculty in the 50+ age cohort more than 10 percentage points higher than the percentage of 50+ in the RN workforce<sup>iii</sup> (Table F).
- An increasing percentage of RN permanent faculty were in the 50+ age cohort with the greatest percentage change in the 60+ age cohort (Table G).

The response rate for the question about age cohorts was 77.9% (74 of 95 schools). The response rate for the questions about employment status was 79.6% (109 of 137 schools).

Table E: Number of Faculty by Employment Status, 2016

Faculty Category	Number of Faculty	% of Faculty Workforce
Permanent Faculty: permanent, full-time faculty	2,680*	19.3
<b>Contract Full-Time Faculty</b> : faculty fulfilling contracts of one academic year or longer	2,143*	15.4
Contract Part-Time Faculty: faculty fulfilling contracts of less than one academic year	9,071	65.3
Total Faculty Workforce:	13,894	100

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing;

Table F: Age Category Percentages for 2016 RN Workforce compared to 2016 RN Permanent Faculty

Age Category	% of RN Workforce, 2016	% of RN Permanent Faculty, 2016
<35	27.3	5.6
35-39	11.4	10.1
40-44	11.3	11.9
45-49	11.9	15.4
50-54	13.1	17.8
55+	25.0	39.3

Sources: *National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing*; Canadian Institute for Health Information. (2017). *Regulated nurses 2016 Report*. iii

Note: RN Workforce percentages do not add to 100 due to "unstated".

Table G: Comparison of RN Permanent Faculty Age Cohorts 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2016

Age Cohort	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	% Change '15 to '16
<40	15.5	14.5	14.6	16.2	15.7	-0.5
40-49	26.0	25.3	25.2	25.6	27.3	1.7
50-59	39.7	40.2	40.2	36.5	35.3	-1.2
60+	18.8	20.0	20.0	21.6	21.9	0.3

<sup>\*</sup>See tables 10 and 14 (p. 41 and p. 45 respectively)

## **RN** Faculty Recruitment and Retirement

- The data collected on questions concerning faculty recruitment and retirement have implications for future faculty supply, particularly when examined in relation to the numbers of current enrolments in graduate programs. They indicate an imminent shortage of qualified faculty if current entry-to-practice enrolments are maintained.
- 83 permanent RN faculty (senior faculty) retired in 2016.
- 16.9% (14 of the 83) were under 60.
- 21.9% of permanent RN faculty aged 60 or more (Table G) were eligible to retire.
- Schools were unable to fill 57 full-time positions, representing a 2.1% vacancy rate. See Table E for full-time faculty count.
- Schools projected a need to hire 118 full-time faculty in 2017 (Table H).

Table H: Full-Time RN Faculty Hiring Projections, 2017

	Canada	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
Full-Time Permanent Faculty, # of Hires Projected	137	5	2	3	3	17	27	15	9	26	18	12		
Full-Time Contract Faculty, # of Hires Projected	118	0	0	8	3	13	11	20	4	52	5	2		

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

The response rate for the question about recruitment projections of full-time faculty was 83.2% (79 schools).

The response rate for the question about actual retirement of permanent faculty was 83.2% (79 schools).

# **Full-Time RN Faculty Academic Upgrading**

- 9.6% of permanent full-time RN faculty (256 permanent full-time faculty) were engaged in academic upgrading programs ranging from baccalaureate to post-doctoral studies. These studies took place in schools in and outside of Canada (Table I).
- The majority of faculty who were upgrading educational qualifications were enrolled in master's (36.0%) or doctoral programs (56.6%).

The response rate for the question about the number of full-time faculty engaged in academic upgrading was 83.2% (79 schools).

<sup>...</sup> Figure not appropriate or not applicable

Table I: Full-Time Faculty Engaged in Academic Upgrading, 2016

	Full-Time F	Permanent	Full-Time	Contract	
	In Canada	Outside Canada	In Canada	Outside Canada	Total
Canada Total	239	17	116	6	378
Baccalaureate degree in nursing	3	0	3	2	8
Baccalaureate degree in other discipline	2	0	0	0	2
Master's degree in nursing	66	0	51	1	118
Master's degree in other discipline	26	0	19	1	46
Doctoral degree in nursing	70	8	26	1	105
Doctoral degree in other discipline	59	8	12	1	80
NP other	2	0	0	0	2
NP post-master's	1	0	1	0	2
NP master's	2	0	2	0	4
Post-doctoral study in nursing	3	1	1	0	4
Post-doctoral study in other discipline	3	0	1	0	4
Other	2	0	0	0	2

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

# Number of RN Faculty and Type of RN Faculty Contracts in Place

- Schools employed 13,894 faculty members (Table E).
- 19.3% of the faculty held full-time permanent positions (Table E).
- 15.4% of full-time faculty held full-time contracts of one academic year or longer (Table E).
- 65.3% of the faculty currently teaching in nursing programs were employed in a part-time contract capacity (Table E).

"Contract faculty" refers to full-time plus part-time contract faculty.

The response rate for the two questions concerning the number of full-time and part-time contracts in place was 79.6% (109 of 137schools).

#### **Number of RN Faculty on Leave**

The survey question concerning faculty leave captures the number of permanent faculty on any school-approved leave of absence. An approved leave includes, but is not restricted to, maternity/paternity leave, sick leave, compassionate leave and sabbatical leave.

- 6.8% of permanent faculty (183) were on leave (Table J).
- Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia, and the Northwest Territories exceeded the Canada percentage of total faculty on leave.

The response rate for the question about number of permanent faculty on leave was 83.2% (79 schools).

Table J: Full-Time Permanent RN Faculty on Leave, 2016

	Canada	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	вс	NT	NU	YT
No. of Full-Time Permanent RN Faculty	2,680	82	13	54	53	767	572	105	137	327	526	12	2	
No. of Full-Time Permanent RN Faculty on Leave	183	3	1	10	7	27	35	9	13	26	51	1	0	
% on Leave	6.8	3.7	7.7	18.5	13.2	3.5	6.1	8.6	9.5	8.0	9.7	8.3	0	

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

#### **Faculty Recruitment Factors**

Schools were asked to identify factors that affect their ability to recruit full-time faculty. The data reveal many shared experiences across geographic location; when the data are broken down by region, however, similarities emerge in the factors reported in northern and rural areas.

#### **Factors in Northern and Rural Areas**

Schools in northern and rural areas reported that the biggest factors limiting their ability to recruit faculty were

- lack of nurse practitioner, master's, and doctorally prepared candidates;
- lower salaries and fewer benefits; and
- remote location and small community size.

#### **Pan-Canadian Recruitment Factors**

Schools across Canada identified similar factors as a challenge limiting their ability to recruit new faculty. The three main concerns are presented in Table K.

Table K: Recruitment Factors, 2016

Recruitment Factors	% of Respondents Reporting Factor
A shortage of nurse practitioner, master's, and doctorally prepared nurses seeking academic positions	53.6
Lower salaries and fewer benefits for master's and doctorally prepared faculty as compared with salaries available in practice settings	34.0
Budget cuts and lack of funding to create and sustain positions	30.4

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

The response rate for the question about issues affecting the recruitment of full-time faculty was 62.1% (59 responses).

<sup>...</sup> Figure not appropriate or not applicable

# **Summary of Key Program and RN Faculty Findings**

- The number of graduates from entry-to-practice programs decreased slightly in 2016 to 12,484, a 0.8% decrease compared with 2015 (12,579).
- Admissions increased in 2015–2016; 16,244 students entered ETP programs, an increase of 0.1% from 16,230 the previous year.
- 55.9% of all programs now use some distance education delivery, which may be improving student access.
- Increased graduate program admissions need to be sustained to avoid a potential faculty shortage as the following data indicate:
  - o 39.3% of faculty were in the 55+ age cohort
  - o 21.9% of faculty were in the 60+ age cohort.
  - Currently, there are 456 students enrolled in PhD nursing programs in Canada,
     145 of which are current faculty members.
  - The potential future supply of new faculty from current PhD enrolment in Canada is therefore 311.
  - o In 2015–2016, master's admission increased by 3.4% and doctoral admissions decreased by 13.7%. The number of master's graduates increased in 2015–2016; however, the number of doctoral graduates decreased.
  - The replacement pool (master's and doctoral graduates) for retiring faculty is inadequate if enrolments in graduate programs remain at current levels.

#### 2015-2016 Results

The 2015–2016 survey was issued to the 137 schools of nursing offering entry-to-practice (ETP) pre-licensure education entitling successful graduates to apply for initial licensure/registration as an RN, or for post-RN, NP and graduate RN education. It was completed by 117 schools, including 92 of a possible 94 CASN members.

The overall survey response rate was 85.4%; the CASN member response rate was 97.9%. See the tables starting on page 22 for more detailed information about omitted or unusable data. On average, 80.6% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

Different collection periods and methodologies and under-reporting from a small proportion of schools may result in differences between the records of a provincial/territorial government or regulatory body and the data from the *National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing*.

The following tables represent data as reported by each of the participating schools and do not include data from other sources. CASN is not responsible for errors in data reported by schools.

Note: In order to ensure clarity the OHQ data is used for both the admissions and graduate data points for entry to practice in all sections of this report.

Previously the use of OIIQ data was limited to the section "Key Program Findings."

It is important to read the notes that accompany each table as well as the section "Methodological Notes" on page 53, which contains information pertinent to all of the tables. The full survey methodology and definitions are in the Appendix.

Table 1: Education Programs by Province and Territory — Schools Offering Diploma, Undergraduate and Graduate Programs, 2015–2016, by Program Category

Baccalaureate collaborative partnerships are shown by indenting the name of the partner school under that of the degree-granting institution.

	Diploma	Васс.	Post-RN	Master's	Doctoral	NP
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Memorial University of Newfoundland		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Centre for Nursing Studies		✓				
Western Regional School of Nursing		✓				
Prince Edward Island						
University of Prince Edward Island		✓		✓		✓
Nova Scotia						
Cape Breton University		✓				
Dalhousie University		✓		✓	✓	✓
St. Francis Xavier University		✓	✓			
New Brunswick						
Université de Moncton		✓	✓	✓		✓
University of New Brunswick		✓		✓		✓
Quebec						
Abitibi-Témiscamingue, CEGEP	✓					
Alma, CEGEP	✓					
André-Laurendeau, CEGEP	✓					
Baie-Comeau, CEGEP	✓					
Beauce-Appalaches, CEGEP	✓					
Bois-de-Boulogne, CEGEP	✓					
Champlain, CEGEP	✓					
Chicoutimi, CEGEP	✓					
Dawson, CEGEP	✓					
Drummondville, CEGEP	✓					
Édouard-Montpetit, CEGEP	✓					
François-Xavier-Garneau, CEGEP	✓					
Gaspésie, CEGEP	✓					
Granby Haute-Yamaska, CEGEP	✓					
Heritage, CEGEP	✓					
John-Abbott, CEGEP	✓					
Jonquière, CEGEP	✓					
La Pocatière, CEGEP	✓					
Lévis-Lauzon, CEGEP	✓					
Limoilou, CEGEP	✓					
Maisonneuve, CEGEP	✓					
Matane, CEGEP	✓					
McGill University		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Montmorency, CEGEP	✓					
Outaouais, CEGEP	✓					
Régional de Lanaudière, CEGEP	✓					
Rimouski, CEGEP	✓					

	Diploma	Васс.	Post-RN	Master's	Doctoral	NP
Rivière-du-Loup, CEGEP	✓ ·	2400.			20010141	
Sainte-Foy, CEGEP	✓					
Saint-Félicien, CEGEP	✓					
Saint-Hyacinthe, CEGEP	✓					
Saint-Jean-sur-Richelieu, CEGEP	✓					
Saint-Jérome, CEGEP	✓					
Saint-Laurent, CEGEP	✓					
Sept- Îles, CEGEP	✓					
Shawinigan, CEGEP	✓					
Sherbrooke, CEGEP	✓					
Sorel-Tracy, CEGEP	✓					
Thetford, CEGEP	✓					
Trois-Rivières, CEGEP	✓					
Université Laval		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Université de Montréal		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Université de Sherbrooke		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Université du Québec à Chicoutimi		✓	✓	✓		
Université du Québec à Rimouski			✓	✓		
Université du Québec à Trois-Rivières		✓	✓	✓		
Université du Québec en Abitibi-			,			
Témiscamingue			✓			
Université du Québec en Outaouais	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Valleyfield, CEGEP	✓					
Vanier, CEGEP	✓					
Victoriaville, CEGEP	✓					
Ontario						
Brock University		✓				
Loyalist College		✓				
Humber College (partnered with University of New Brunswick)		✓				
Lakehead University		✓		✓		✓
Confederation College		✓				
Laurentian University / Université		✓	,			,
Laurentienne			✓	✓		✓
Cambrian College		✓				
Collège Boréal		✓				
Northern College		✓				
St. Lawrence College		✓				
Sault College		✓				
McMaster University		✓		✓	✓	✓
Conestoga College		✓				
Mohawk College		✓				
Nipissing University		✓				
Canadore College		✓				
Queen's University		✓		✓	✓	✓
Ryerson University		✓	✓	✓		✓
Centennial College		✓				
George Brown College		✓				
Trent University		✓				

	Diploma	Bacc.	Post-RN	Master's	Doctoral	NP
University of Ontario Institute of Technology		<b>√</b>				
Georgian College		✓				
Durham College		✓				
University of Ottawa / Université d'Ottawa		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Algonquin		✓				
Cité Collégiale, La		✓				
University of Toronto		✓		✓	✓	✓
University of Western Ontario		✓		✓	✓	✓
Fanshawe College		✓				
University of Windsor		✓		✓		✓
Lambton College		✓				
St. Clair College		✓				
York University, Atkinson College		✓		✓		✓
Georgian College		✓				
Seneca College		✓				
Manitoba						
		<b>√</b>				
Brandon University		· ·				
Collège Universitaire de Saint-Boniface						
Red River College		<b>√</b>				
University of Manitoba		<b>√</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓
University College of the North		✓				
Saskatchewan						
University of Saskatchewan		✓		✓	✓	✓
University of Regina		✓				✓
Saskatchewan Polytechnic (formerly Saskatchewan Institute of Applied Sciences and Technology)		✓				
Alberta						
Athabasca University		✓	✓	✓		✓
MacEwan University		✓				
Mount Royal University		✓				
University of Alberta		✓		✓	✓	<b>√</b>
Grande Prairie College		✓				
Keyano College		✓				
7 <del>- 3 -</del>						
Red Deer College		✓				
Red Deer College University of Calgary		<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>√</b>
University of Calgary				<b>√</b>	✓	✓
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College		✓		✓ ✓	<b>√</b>	✓
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College  University of Lethbridge		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College		✓ ✓ ✓			<b>,</b>	<b>✓</b>
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College  University of Lethbridge		✓ ✓ ✓			<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College  University of Lethbridge  Lethbridge College		✓ ✓ ✓			<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College  University of Lethbridge  Lethbridge College  British Columbia		✓ ✓ ✓			<b>V</b>	1
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College  University of Lethbridge  Lethbridge College  British Columbia  British Columbia Institute of Technology		* * * * *	✓		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College University of Lethbridge Lethbridge College  British Columbia British Columbia Institute of Technology Douglas College			•		<b>V</b>	<b>*</b>
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College University of Lethbridge Lethbridge College  British Columbia British Columbia Institute of Technology Douglas College Kwantlen University College			✓		✓	<b>*</b>
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College University of Lethbridge Lethbridge College  British Columbia British Columbia Institute of Technology Douglas College Kwantlen University College Langara Community College					<b>√</b>	V
University of Calgary  Medicine Hat College University of Lethbridge Lethbridge College  British Columbia British Columbia Institute of Technology Douglas College Kwantlen University College Langara Community College Thompson Rivers University				<b>*</b>	<b>√</b>	V

	Diploma	Васс.	Post-RN	Master's	Doctoral	NP
University of British Columbia — Okanagan		✓	✓	✓		
Okanagan College		✓				
University of Northern British Columbia		✓	✓	✓		✓
College of New Caledonia		✓				
Northwest Community College		✓				
University of Victoria		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Camosun College		✓				
College of the Rockies		✓				
Selkirk College		✓				
Vancouver Community College		✓				
Vancouver Island University		✓				
North Island College		✓				
Northwest Territories						
Aurora College (partnered with University of Victoria for the Baccalaureate)		✓				
Nunavut						
Nunavut Arctic College (partnered with Dalhousie University)		✓				
Yukon: No programs offered						
CANADA Total	43	94	22	34	17	28

# Notes

The "Canada Total" counts include programs known to be offered by schools that did not respond to the survey.

In this table, "Bacc." refers to generic baccalaureate programs.

See the Appendix for details on methodology.

Table 2: Admission, Enrolment, and Graduate Data by Program, 2015–2016

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

_	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
DIPLOMA														
Admission						4.000								
	4,323					4,323								
Enrolment	7,418					7,418								
Graduates	•	•••	•••	•••	•••	7,110	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Oradado	2,747					2,747								
Graduates	s, 2016 as a p	percentage	e of total n	ational gra	aduates									
	100					100								
BACCALAL	JREATE													
Admission		005	7.5	505	000	750	F 407	700	704	4.007	4.550	04	*	
Familian	11,921	285	75	505	223	752	5,137	706	734	1,927	1,553	21	•	
Enrolment	42,378	978	268	1,548	861	2,119	18,621	1,950	2,232	7,726	5,990	63	22	
Graduates		370	200	1,040	001	2,110	10,021	1,500	2,202	1,120	0,550	00	LL	•••
Oradadoo	9,737	228	64	400	260	572	4,127	471	508	1,609	1,481	11	6	
Graduates	s, 2016 as a p			ational gra			,			,	, -			
	100	2.3	0.7	4.1	2.7	5.9	42.4	4.8	5.2	16.5	15.2	0.1	0.1	
POST-RN B	ACCALAUR	REATE												
Admission														
	1,743	0		78	0	1,060	302	0		221	82			
Enrolment	7,668	27		323	*	4,931	789	48		1,265	284			
Graduates		21		323		4,331	709	40		1,205	204	•••	•••	•••
Graduales	1,777	18		45	*	1,266	214	19		106	108			
Graduates	s, 2016 as a p					1,200			•••	100	100	•••	•••	
0.00000	100	1.0		2.5	0.1	71.2	12.0	1.1		6.0	6.1			
MASTER'S														
Admission														
	1,037	19	7	9	*	217	278	26	25	347	105			
Enrolment		00	16	21	46	EEC	784	02	80	1.045	257			
Graduates	3,080	92	10	21	40	556	704	83	00	1,045	357	•••		•••
Graduates	678	28	*	7	7	113	222	11	25	161	102			
Graduates	s, 2016 as a p		of total n			113	222	- ' '	23	101	102	•••		
Oraduates	100	4.1	0.3	1.0	1.0	16.7	32.7	1.6	3.7	23.7	15.0			
DOCTORAT			0.0				02		<b></b>	20	10.0	•••		
Admission														
	86	*		0		18	31	*	5	23	*			
Enrolment		_												
	456	7		7		96	144	15	21	102	64	•••		
Graduates		0		*		44	47	0	*	44	0			
Canalizata	60 s, 2016 as a p	0				14	17	0	-	14	8			
Graduates	s, 2016 as a μ 100	oercentage 0		6.7	iduales 	23.3	28.3	0	5	23.3	13.3			
NIIRSE PR	ACTITIONER		•••	0.1	•••	20.0	20.5	U	3	20.0	10.0		•••	•••
Admission		•												
	699	15	*	10	12	77	263	15	43	228	32			
Enrolment														
	1,794	51	16	40	33	145	594	35	102	706	72			
Graduates									_					
	520	11	*	19	14	46	246	16	31	102	31			
0 1 6	s, 2016 as a p													

#### **Notes**

- OIIQ data 2015–2016: 4,323 students were admitted to diploma programs and 752 students to baccalaureate programs; 2,747 students graduated from diploma programs and 572 from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- As of 2013-2014, OIIQ data has been used for all Quebec admission and graduate numbers to ensure a complete and accurate picture.
- Enrolment numbers are supplied directly from the schools.
- Totals may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

#### Quebec

Diploma 19 schools' enrolment data
Baccalaureate 1 school's enrolment data
Post-RN Baccalaureate 1 school's enrolment data
Master's 1 school's enrolment data

#### **Ontario**

Baccalaureate 1 school's admission data; 1 school's enrolment data; 1 school's

graduate data

# **Symbols**

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 3: Diploma Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2011-2016

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2011-2012														
2012-2013	4,590					4,579		11						
2012-2013	4,609					4,609								
2013-2014						,,,,,,								
	4,580					4,580								
2014-2015	4,299					4,299								
2015-2016	1,200	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,200	•••				•••	•••	•••	
	4,323					4,323								
ENROLMENT														
2011-2012														
2011-2012	6,334					6,207		127						
2012-2013														
2013-2014	6,645				•••	6,618		27						
2013-2014	5,430					5,430								
2014-2015														
2015-2016	7,504			•••		7,504								
2015-2016	7,418					7,418								
GRADUATES	, -					, -								
2012	2,477					2,448		29						
2013	±, · · ·					2,110		20						
	2,732					2,708		24						
2014	2,752					2,752								
2015	2,132					2,132								
	2,735					2,735								
2016	2,747					2,747								

# **Notes**

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2011-2012:	All data usable.
2012-2013:	All data usable.
2013-2014:	Enrolment from 13 schools in Quebec.
2014-2015:	Enrolment from 16 schools in Quebec.
2015-2016:	Enrolment from 19 schools in Quebec.

# OIIQ reports the following for Quebec diploma programs:

2011-2012:	4,579 students were admitted to diploma programs, and 2,448 students
	graduated from diploma programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
2012-2013:	4,609 students were admitted to diploma programs, and 2,448 students
	graduated from diploma programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
2013-2014:	4,580 students were admitted to diploma programs, and 2,752 students
	graduated from diploma programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
2014-2015:	4,299 students were admitted to diploma programs, and 2,735 students
	graduated from diploma programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
2015-2016:	4,323 students were admitted to diploma programs, and 2,747 students
	graduated from diploma programs. Enrolment data were not reported.

# **Symbols**

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 4: Baccalaureate Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2011-2016

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

CANAD	A	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2011-2012														
	10,564	292	62	499	410	744	4,170	351	399	2,235	1,352	32	18	
2012-2013	10,343	290	75	481	205	692	4,017	460	225	2,572	1,285	26	14	
2013-2014	11,194	271	79	434	259	775	4,343	503	575	2,424	1,497	27	7	
2014-2015	, -						,-			,	,			
	11,931	290	90	477	139	756	5,477	494	699	2,004	1,471	29	5	
2015-2016	11,921	285	75	505	223	752	5,137	706	734	1,927	1,553	21	*	
ENROLMENT														
2011-2012	37,345	1,029	242	1,498	1,466	1,849	14,812	1,654	1,797	7,138	5,745	93	22	
2012-2013	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		,	,	,	,-	,	, -	,	-, -			
	36,566	956	254	1,557	934	1,786	14,254	1,724	1,799	7,389	5,787	99	27	
2013-2014	39,112	1,048	259	1,583	1,157	2,041	15,829	1,638	2,130	7,378	5,955	70	24	
2014-2015	42,810	995	260	1,640	931	2,008	19,203	1,707	2,603	7,544	5,827	68	24	
2015-2016	42,010	333	200	1,040	931	2,000	19,203	1,707	2,003	7,544	5,021	00	24	
	42,378	978	268	1,548	861	2,119	18,621	1,950	2,232	7,726	5,990	63	22	
GRADUATES														
2012														
2012	9,273	253	84	325	344	357	3,941	322	409	1,689	1,534	13	*	
2013	8,951	237	61	366	235	376	3,992	468	407	1,465	1,312	26	6	
2014	.,						.,				,			
0045	9,202	250	73	370	256	530	4,038	437	446	1,383	1,404	13	*	
2015	9,844	247	63	391	268	562	4,141	470	590	1,741	1,352	16	*	
2016	9,737	228	64	400	260	572	4,127	471	508	1,609	1,481	11	6	

Note: Admissions data for 2014–2015 for British Columbia have been revised based on corrected data provided by schools (1,711 to 1,741). Graduate data for 2015 for Alberta have been revised based on corrected data provided by schools (1,316 to 1,471).

#### **Symbols**

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

#### **Notes**

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2011-2012: Admissions data from 1 school in British Columbia, 2 schools in Ontario, 1 school in Manitoba.

Enrolment data from 1 school in British Columbia.

2012-2013: Admissions data from 5 schools in Ontario, 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in Alberta, 1 school in Saskatchewan, 1 school in Manitoba

Enrolment data from 1 school in Ontario, 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in Saskatchewan.

Graduate data from 5 schools in Ontario, 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in Saskatchewan.

2013-2014: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec; 3 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Manitoba.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec; 3 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Manitoba.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec; 3 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Manitoba.

2014-2015: Admission data from 2 schools in Quebec; 2 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Alberta.

Enrolment data from 2 schools in Quebec, 2 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Alberta.

Graduate data from 2 schools in Quebec; 1 school in Ontario; 1 school in Alberta.

2015-2016: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec; 1 school in Ontario.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec; 1 school in Ontario.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec; 1 school in Ontario.

OIIO reports the following for Ouebec diploma and baccalaureate programs:

- 2011-2012: 718 students were admitted to baccalaureate programs, and 400 graduated from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2012-2013: 708 students were admitted to baccalaureate programs, and 400 graduated from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2013-2014: 723 students were admitted to baccalaureate programs, and 578 graduated from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2014-2015 756 students were admitted to baccalaureate programs, and 562 graduated from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2015-2016: 752 students were admitted to baccalaureate programs, and 572 graduated from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.

Table 5: Post-RN Baccalaureate Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2011-2016 Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	sĸ	AB	вс	NT	NU	ΥT
<b>ADMISSIONS</b> 2011-2012														
	2,269	54		77	*	1,198	367			388	185			
2012-2013	2,202	32		73		896	382		52	487	280			
2013-2014	2,749	7		68	0	1,654	329			432	259			
2014-2015	2,167	10		83	0	1,385	254	0		188	247			
2015-2016	1,743	0		78	0	1,060	302	0		221	82			
ENROLMENT														
2011-2012	6,596	188		347	69	2,827	1,136	117	23	1,529	360			
2012-2013	6,659	115		332	21	2,979	987	89	136	1,505	495			
2013-2014	7,514	47		304	18	4,354	862	86	6	1,351	486			
2014-2015	7,416	40		319	13	4,400	1,001	60		1,239	344			
2015-2016	7,668	27		323	*	4,931	789	48		1,265	284			
GRADUATES	3,000					,,				,,				
2012	1,474	13		45	38	636	410	35	19	160	118			
2013	1,297	13		57	6	548	339	35	10	151	138			
2014	1,621	8		40	*	993	312	25	*	110	126	•••	•••	•••
2015									*					
2016	1,732	10		36	6	1,108	277	27		114	152			
	1,777	18		45	*	1,266	214	19	0	106	108			

#### **Notes**

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2011-2012: Admissions data from 5 schools in British Columbia, 1 school in Manitoba, 3 schools in Ontario, 1 school in New Brunswick, 1 school in Saskatchewan.

Enrolment data from 2 school in British Columbia, 1 school in New Brunswick, 1 school in Saskatchewan, 3 school in Ontario.

Graduate data from 2 schools in British Columbia, 1 school in Saskatchewan, 1 school in New Brunswick.

2012-2013: Admissions data from 2 schools in Ontario, 2 schools in Alberta, 2 schools in British Columbia

Enrolment data from 2 schools in Saskatchewan

Graduate data from 1 school in Alberta

2013-2014: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec, 2 schools in Ontario, 2 schools in British Columbia.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec, 2 schools in Ontario, 2 schools in British Columbia.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec, 2 schools in Ontario, 2 schools in British Columbia.

2014-2015 Admissions data from 3 schools in Quebec, 1 school in Ontario.

Enrolment data from 3 schools in Quebec, 1 school in Ontario.

Graduate data from 3 schools in Quebec, 1 school in Ontario.

2015-2016: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec.

#### **Symbols**

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 6: Master's Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2011-2016

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2011-2012	919	22		14	8	155	374		14	221	101			
2012-2013	775	23	*		23	127	270	7	16	214	85	7		
2013-2014	922	20	5	6	8	195	289	19	21	265	94			
2014-2015	1,002	20	2	23	19	220	324	22	20	265	87			
2015-2016	1,037	19	7	9	*	217	278	26	25	347	105			
ENROLMENT														
2011-2012	2,776	95	6	48	60	424	846	59	38	829	371			
2012-2013	2,607	76	6	46	57	354	778	103	45	774	361	7		
2013-2014	2,929	96	9	31	49	568	763	113	56	863	381			
2014-2015	2,888	88	11	61	56	539	779	77	45	901	328	*		
2015-2016	3,080	92	16	21	46	556	784	83	80	1,045	357			
GRADUATES														
2012	696	10	6	9	12	104	311	11	20	141	72			
2013	619	15		22	10	80	283	18	17	101	73			
2014	611	17		12	6	81	255	11	14	139	76			
2015	685	18	*	13	9	101	260	12	5	162	101	*		
2016	678	28	*	7	7	113	222	11	25	161	102			

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2011-2012: Admissions data from 2 schools in British Columbia, 1 school in Manitoba, and

2 schools in Quebec.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec.

2012-2013: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in British Columbia.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in British Columbia.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in British Columbia.

2013-2014: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec.

2014-2015: Admissions data from 2 schools in Quebec.

Enrolment data from 2 schools in Quebec.

Graduate data from 2 schools in Quebec.

2015-2016: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 7: Doctoral Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2011-2016

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	sĸ	AB	вс	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2011-2012	84			0		19	30		*	15	16			
2012-2013	73			0		14	33		*	14	8			
2013-2014						30	23	*	*	19				
2014-2015	87			0							9		•••	
2015-2016	75	0		*		20	24	0	*	20	6			
ENROLMENT	86	*		0		18	31	*	5	23	*			
2011-2012	447			18		92	155		9	101	72			
2012-2013			•••									•••	•••	•••
2013-2014	445			16		88	171	6	14	91	59			
2014-2015	398	*		11		114	104	10	14	94	48			
2015-2016	455	*		10		100	151	9	14	102	66			
	456	7		7		96	144	15	21	102	64			
GRADUATES 2012														
2013	66			*		11	25		9	14	6			
	61			*		10	26			11	10			
2014	58	0		*		14	21	0	*	13	6			
2015	66	0		*		11	27	0	0	17	8			***
2016	60	0		*		14	17	0	*	14	8			

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2011-2012: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec.

2012-2013: Admissions data from 1 school in Manitoba.

Graduate data from 1 school in Saskatchewan.

2013-2014: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec and 1 school in Manitoba.

2014-2015: All data were usable.

2015-2016: All data were usable.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 8: Nurse Practitioner Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2011-2016

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	вс	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2011-2012	300			14	16	20	177	•••	22	25	26	4		
2012-2013	514	6		20	6	44	214		33	164	27	0		
2013-2014	577	16	*	16	12	54	252	0	30	165	29	0		
2014-2015														
2015-2016	757	4		10	0	53	279	19	41	331	30	0		•••
ENROLMENT	699	15	*	10	12	77	263	15	43	228	32			
2011-2012	999	11		47	57	32	387	23	61	280	94	7		
2012-2013	1,216	25		90	27	107	385		67	453	62			
2013-2014	1,487	35	*	42	36	143	503		71	540	114			
2014-2015	1,676	5	*	41	13	110	596	30	81	695	102	*		
2015-2016	1,794	51	16	40	33	145	594	35	102	706	72	0		
GRADUATES														
2012	394	5		16	14	47	197	7	9	71	24	*		
2013	373	6		15	*	59	185		18	53	33			
2014					*							•••	•••	
2015	449	8		12		52	239		13	91	31			
2016	551	5	*	16	11	76	273	11	20	97	36	*		

Note: The 2012 and 2013 figures for graduates in Quebec have been revised based on corrections provided by OIIQ, changing from 15 to 47 in 2012 and from 41 to 59 in 2013.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2011-2012: Admissions data from 1 school in British Columbia, 1 school in Alberta, 1

school in Manitoba, 1 school in Ontario, and 2 school in Nova Scotia.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Nova Scotia, and 1 school in British Columbia.

Graduate data from 1 school in Nova Scotia.

2012-2013: Admissions data from 1 school in Manitoba, 1 school in British Columbia

Enrolment data from 1 school in British Columbia.

2013-2014: Admissions data from 1 school in Newfoundland and Labrador and 1 school in

Manitoba.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Newfoundland and Labrador.

Graduate data from 1 school in New Brunswick and 1 school in Newfoundland

and Labrador.

2014-2015: All data were usable.

2015-2016: All data were usable.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 9: Full-Time Faculty by Age Cohort, 2016

	2016
Age Cohort	
<35	107
35-39	192
40-44	227
45-49	293
50-54	339
55-59	333
60+	417
Total	1,908

The overall response rate to this question was 77.9%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 1 school in Newfoundland and Labrador
- 1 school in Quebec
- 10 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 3 schools in Alberta
- 4 schools in British Columbia
- 1 school in Nunavut

The number of full-time permanent faculty (1,908) in this table is less than the number of full-time permanent faculty reported in Table 10 (4,823) as age cohort results were not available for all faculties.

Table 10: Number of Full-Time Faculty, 2016

FACULTY EMPLOYMENT STATUS	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
Full-time permanent	2,680	82	13	54	53	767	572	105	167	327	526	12	*	•••
Full-time contract	2,143	18	0	32	14	1,184	344	151	61	270	69	0	0	
Total	4,823	100	13	86	67	1,951	916	256	228	597	595	12	*	

The overall response rate to this question was 79.6%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 19 schools in Quebec
- 7 schools in Ontario
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 1 school in British Columbia

The number of full-time permanent faculty in this table (4,823) is greater than the number of full-time permanent faculty reported in Table 9 (1,902) as age cohort results were not available for all faculties.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 11: Academic Upgrading Underway — Full-Time Faculty, 2016

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	YT
Baccalaureate, nursing	*							*	***	*		•••		
Baccalaureate, other	*						*							
Master's, nursing	66				*	*	*	*	13	20	22	*		
Master's, other	26						*	7	8	*	6			
Doctoral, nursing	78	*	*	*	*	14	25	*	*	16	8			
Doctoral, other	67	*			6	7	18		11	9	11	•••		
Post-doctoral, nursing	*			*	*	*					*			
Post-doctoral, other	*				*						*			
Nurse practitioner, level not stated	*			*						*				
Nurse practitioner, master's level	*									*				
Nurse practitioner, post-master's level	*									*				
Total	254	8	*	*	11	24	50	15	33	55	50	*	0	

The overall response rate to this question was 83.2%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 1 school in Quebec
- 10 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 2 schools in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4

Table 12: Full-Time Faculty Positions Reported as Filled, 2016, and Full-Time Faculty Positions Reported as Approved to be Filled, 2017

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	МВ	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
Positions filled in 2016	247	2	0	15	4	25	23	38	19	72	36	13	0	
Positions to be filled in 2017	259	5	2	11	10	30	38	35	13	78	23	14	0	
Total	506	7	2	26	14	55	61	73	32	150	59	27	0	

The overall response rate to this question was 83.2%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 1 school in Quebec
- 10 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 2 schools in British Columbia

Value suppression is not applicable to these results.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable

Table 13: Full-Time Faculty Positions, Approved and Unable to Fill, 2016

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
Full-time permanent	46	1	0	0	1	3	6	2	9	19	5	0	0	
Full-time contract	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	9	0	0	0	
Total	57	1	0	0	1	3	6	4	9	28	5	0	0	

The overall response rate to this question was 83.2%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 1 school in Quebec
- 10 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 2 schools in British Columbia

Value suppression is not applicable to these results.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable

Table 14: Part-Time Faculty Contracts, 2016

CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	вс	NT	NU	ΥT
9,062	101	1	220	55	2,616	4,222	137	429	830	449	2	0	

The overall response rate to this question was 79.6%

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 19 schools in Quebec
- 7 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 1 school in British Columbia

Value suppression is not applicable to these results.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4

Table 15: Full-Time Permanent Faculty on Leave, 2016

CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	вс	NT	NU	ΥT
183	3	1	10	7	27	35	9	13	26	51	1	0	

The overall response rate to this question was 83.2%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 1 school in Quebec
- 10 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 2 schools in British Columbia

Value suppression is not applicable to these results.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4

Table 16: Faculty Category, Degree-Granting Schools — Full-Time Faculty, 2016

CANAD	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	ΥT
FULL-TIME, PERM	IANENT												
Full professor 292	3	*	8	10	48	39	9	11	52	111			
Associate profess 393	or 6	*	27	9	74	129	15	6	68	55			
Assistant professor	or 9	6	12	10	59	99	11	27	59	31			
Nurse educator 99			6		5	32			11	45			
Classroom (theory		or or lecture		•••	5	32	•••		- 11	45	•••	•••	
92						15	8		18	51			
Clinical Instructor 81		*		10			*			67			
Nursing skills labo	oratory ins	tructor *			*	9	*		*	5			
Teaching assistar	nt				*								
Technologist 5						*			*	*			
Other		***											
137		*			14	21			37	64			
Total 1,447	18	14	53	39	204	345	48	44	251	431			
FULL-TIME, CONT						0.0							
Full professor													
Associate profess	or 		*		*	8			5				
Assistant professor	or *	•••	8		9	19			*	*			
Nurse educator									56	23			
Classroom (theory						•••			50	23	•••		
137	7		8	*		67	22	7		23			
Clinical instructor 161		21		13		39	15	27	38	8			
Nursing skills labo	oratory ins	tructor		*	5	*				×			
Teaching assistar	nt												
Technologist				*									
1 Other	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••
93				*	34	*	*		46	8			
Total 546	11	21	17	19	50	139	39	34	148	68			

The overall response rate to this question was 79.6%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 19 schools in Quebec
- 7 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 1 school in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- .. Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 17: Faculty Category, Non-Degree-Granting Schools — Full-Time Faculty, 2016

CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	NU	YT
ULL-TIME, PERMANE Full professor	NT												
911				*	563	214		93	20	19			
Associate professor				*									
Assistant professor 15				7				8					
Nurse educator 186	52								40	81	12	*	
Classroom (theory) ins	tructor or l	ecturer 					42		16				
Clinical instructor 16	6						10						
Nursing skills laborator	y instructo *	or 				8				*			
Teaching assistant							*						
Technologist *						*	*						
Other 24	×					*	13		5				
Total 1,230	64			13	563	227	67	101	81	101	12	*	
ULL-TIME, CONTRAC	T												
Full professor 42					13	19	5		*	*			
Associate professor 193					158			27		8			
Assistant professor													
Nurse educator 51	*						30		9	*	*	5	
Classroom (theory) ins	tructor or l	ecturer					6						
Clinical instructor 78	11			12			55						
Nursing skills laborator 5	y instructo *	or 		*			*						
Teaching assistant													
Technologist													***
Other													
Total	16			13	171	19	98	27	13	12	*	5	

The overall response rate to this question was 79.6%

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 19 schools in Quebec
- 7 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 1 school in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 18: Highest Academic Credential — Full-Time Faculty, 2016

CREDENTIAL	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	МВ	sĸ	AB	вс	NT	NU	ΥT
Diploma, nursing	61						*	55			*			
Diploma, other	12				*		*	6			*			
Baccalaureate, nursing	414	9	14	*	20	*	14	90	27	128	98	*	*	
Baccalaureate, other	12					*	*	7	*	*	*			
Master's, nursing	1,101	63	10	30	28	71	256	44	106	203	281	7	*	
Master's, other	294	5		*	*	18	77	22	34	41	88		*	
Doctoral, nursing	481	11	6	24	14	51	174	29	30	79	61	*	*	
Doctoral, other	280	8		7	11	65	99	11	29	26	24	•••		
Post-doctoral, nursing	60			5	*	22	17		*	10	*			
Post-doctoral, other	67			5		30	12			9	11			

The overall response rate to this question was 83.2%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 1 school in Quebec
- 10 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 2 schools in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 19: Nurse Practitioner Credentials — Full-Time Faculty, 2016

CREDENTIAL	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	МВ	sĸ	AB	вс	NT	NU	ΥT
Nurse practitioner, post-baccalaureate level	15	*					6			7	*			
Nurse practitioner, master's level	75	*	*	*	*	10	15	7	9	9	16	*		
Nurse practitioner, post-master's level	23	*			*		9		*	5	*			
Nurse practitioner, other level	*	*		*	***		***			*	***			

The overall response rate to this question was 83.2%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 1 school in Quebec
- 10 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 2 schools in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

# Methodological Notes — Survey Tables

#### **Classification of nursing programs**

Programs are identified by a standard data code, which allows the RN education data to be attributed to one of six program categories.

Diploma Diploma Exit option, PN to RN, LPN to RN, and DEC

Baccalaureate: Standard, Generic, Collaborative, Accelerated, Fast Track, Advanced,

Second Degree Entry, Compressed, LPN to RN and RPN to RN

Post-RN: Post-RN Baccalaureate, DEC-BACC

Master's: Master's in Nursing, DESS

Doctoral: Doctorate in Nursing

Nurse Practitioner:\* Nurse Practitioner, NP integrated with a degree program, (e.g.,

MN/NP)

\*NP programs may be combined with or integrated into master's degree programs, and schools may or may not report separate data for these integrated programs. Where the data are reported separately it is recorded under the NP program.

#### **Collection Period**

Program inventory, admission, and enrolment data are collected on the academic year. This year's collection is for the 2015–2016 academic year.

Graduate and faculty data are collected on the calendar year. This year's collection captures these data for calendar year 2016.

#### **Data Collection Terms**

Admission:

Admission results are calculated by totalling the number of first-time nursing students admitted to Year 1 of the program plus the number of advanced entrant students admitted in any year of the program.

Admission results include data for each intake offered throughout the course of an academic year.

Schools are asked to report admission results *after the allowed withdrawal date* of their institution.

Enrolment:

Enrolment results are a count of the number of students enrolled in each year of

Enrolment results include data for each intake offered throughout the course of an academic year.

Schools are asked to report enrolment results *after the allowed withdrawal date* of their institution.

Entry-to-Practice

Programs: Entry-to-practice (RN-ETP) programs entitle the successful graduate to apply

for licensure/registration. RN-ETP programs include diploma, generic

baccalaureate and entry-to-practice master's.

Graduates: Graduate results are calculated by totalling the number of degrees awarded by

each institution throughout a calendar year.

See the Appendix for a list of the definitions provided to all schools.

#### **Data Limitations**

Data included in the survey tables are as reported by the schools that responded to the survey. See "Survey Response" below for details on annual response rates.

Schools sometimes provide data that are unusable or fail to report requested data. Each table is accompanied by a summary of omitted data.

# **Out-of-Province/Territory Partnerships**

Colleges and universities may establish program delivery partnerships that cross provincial or territorial boundaries. In 2007, the treatment of graduate data from program delivery partnerships that cross provincial or territorial boundaries was amended so that graduate results would be recorded in the student's home province or territory. Admission and enrolment data continue to be recorded according to the program delivery responsibility of each partner. The handling of admission and enrolment data did not change. Historical graduate data have been adjusted accordingly. Please see "Survey Methodology" for additional details.

Out-of-province/territory baccalaureate collaborative partnerships as of 2015–2016 include: Aurora College, N.W.T., partnered with the University of Victoria, B.C.; Nunavut Arctic College, Nunavut, partnered with Dalhousie University, N.S.; and Humber College, Ont., partnered with the University of New Brunswick, N.B.

#### **Survey Response**

**2011–2012:** The survey was issued to all 135 schools offering nursing programs; 111 schools completed the survey; 4 Ontario colleges (4 ETP baccalaureate programs) and 1 Quebec university (1 ETP baccalaureate programs, 1 post-RN baccalaureate program, and 1 master's program) and 17 Quebec CEGEPs/colleges (17 ETP diploma programs), 2 British Columbia colleges (2 ETP baccalaureate programs, 1 post-RN baccalaureate program) did not complete the survey. *The overall survey response rate was* 82%; the CASN member response rate was 93%. On average, 74.9% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

**2012–2013:** The survey was issued to the 135 schools of nursing offering programs; 114 schools completed the survey; *The overall survey response rate was 84.4%*; the CASN member response rate was 91.4%. On average, 72.3% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

**2013–2014:** The survey was issued to the 134 schools of nursing offering programs; 114 schools completed the survey; *The overall survey response rate was 85.1%*; the CASN member response rate was 94.6%. On average, 72.0% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

2014–2015: The survey was issued to the 137 schools of nursing offering programs; 115 schools completed the survey; *The overall survey response rate was 84.6%*; the CASN

member response rate was 94.6%. See the tables starting on page 22 for more detailed information about omitted or unusable data. On average, 79.2% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

**2015–2016:** The survey was issued to the 137 schools of nursing offering programs; 117 schools completed the survey; *The overall survey response rate was 85.4%*; the CASN member response rate was 97.9%. See the tables starting on page 22 for more detailed information about omitted or unusable data. On average, 80.6% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

# **Privacy and Confidentiality**

In accordance CASN's privacy policies, small cell entries between 1 and 4 are not reported. Some cell values of 5 or greater have also been suppressed to protect confidentiality.

#### APPENDIX

# National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing 2015–2016: Survey Methodology

Registered nurses (RNs) represented 70.9% of the total regulated nurse workforce in 2016.

#### General Methodology

# Background

CNA began administering an annual survey on nursing students and faculty in 1963. In 2001, a new survey and methodology were developed for CNA by well-known statistician Eva Ryten. The Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing (CASN) led the development of the faculty questions that same year. CASN member schools tested the new survey prior to its initial distribution in 2002. Throughout the partnership, CNA and CASN have introduced changes to the survey to reflect changes in program delivery and to increase data related to faculty. All changes are tested at selected schools of nursing prior to adoption. CASN took over full administration of the survey in 2013.

In the mid-1990s, provinces and territories moved to phase out community college diploma programs and convert all new nurse supply education programs to undergraduate degree programs. Conversion to degree programs is complete in all provinces and territories except for Quebec. In 2010, a final intake of diploma students took place at two schools in Manitoba. The Northwest Territories and Nunavut converted to degree programs in 2010. Quebec continues to provide diploma programs while supporting the development of baccalaureate partnerships between CEGEPs/colleges and universities. The Yukon has no entry-level educational programs.

The following table shows the different stages of the transition from diploma entry-level to baccalaureate entry-level education.

#### **Entry-to-Practice Education Requirements for Registered Nurses**

Jurisdiction	Target Year and Status						
Atlantic provinces (Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland and Labrador, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia)	1998 completed						
Saskatchewan	2000 completed						
Ontario	2005 completed						
British Columbia	2006 completed						
Alberta	2009 completed						
Northwest Territories and Nunavut	2010 completed						
Manitoba	2013 completed						
Quebec	Quebec continues to offer diploma programs while supporting the development of baccalaureate partnerships between <i>Collèges d'enseignement général et professionnel</i> (CEGEPs) and universities.						
Yukon	The Yukon has no entry-level educational programs.						

The conversion from diploma to degree programs brought in its wake many statistical complications. The mechanism adopted to convert from diploma to degree programs was the introduction of collaborative degree programs. "Collaborative" refers to a relationship of cooperation between a university and one or more college-level institutions. The extent and type of collaboration models existing between a university and its collaborating partner or partners vary greatly. For example, the university may be responsible only for ensuring that the curriculum meets university degree standards, and the college may deliver the entire curriculum on its sites. Alternatively, the university may be heavily involved not only in approving academic standards but also in delivering sizable amounts of the curriculum on its campuses.

A data record linking process permits admission and enrolment data of programs delivered under a collaborative model to be linked to the graduate program data of the degree-granting partner. This approach allows for the statistical tracking of nursing students by qualification earned from the point of admission, by each year of enrolment, through to graduation. It also accommodates recent changes whereby some colleges now award baccalaureate degrees or have changed their institution type from college to university. Historical results have not been affected by these changes.

#### **Data Collection**

The survey requests information on the following:

- **Program inventory** covers all nursing programs leading to initial licensure (e.g., diploma, diploma exit, baccalaureate, collaborative baccalaureate) as well as formal programs furthering an RN's education (e.g., post-RN, master's, doctorate, nurse practitioner); includes distance education programs, multiple language offerings and multiple partnership arrangements. Collection period: academic year.
- **Graduates** by qualification earned, graduates by gender for each program listed in the program inventory, by partner, by site, where available. Collection period: calendar year.
- **Faculty demographics** details on faculty responsible for the delivery of programs listed in the program inventory, by gender, contract type, rank and status; these data include components such as highest academic credential, age cohorts, faculty on leave, average age of retirement, attrition other than retirement, and additional information on classroom ratios. Collection period: calendar year.

Admission and enrolment data are collected for the previous academic year to ensure that fall, winter and summer intake data are gathered. Graduate data are collected for the calendar year to align with annual licensing examination practices and health human resources planning. Admission and enrolment data are counted only after the school's allowed withdrawal date.

The data are completed by the appropriate designate at each school, and are reviewed and approved by the dean, director, program head or equivalent. On receipt, the data are reviewed by CASN to ensure that all programs, sites, partners and data elements have been included. Comparisons are made to program inventories from previous years as well as program data listed on each school website to ensure that data are representative of all programs offered by the school.

Disparities are resolved by the CASN program lead and the faculty member(s) responsible for the data compiled. The dean, director, program head or equivalent validates the data's accuracy and completeness, and approves the use of the data to prepare reports and to support research and policy decisions affecting the future supply of nurses in Canada.

When data are not reported, the omitted data are sorted by data type and captured in one of two categories: (1) not available, or (2) not appropriate or applicable. Omitted data are identified in the reports.

In 2009, an online version of the survey was made available to CASN members. In 2015–2016, the online survey was available to all schools.

#### **Data Organization**

The data derived from the survey accommodate the increasing variety and complexity of nursing education models in Canada, including NP education models. The data are organized to allow for statistical trends to be tracked at provincial/territorial and national levels by qualification earned.

Another component of data organization accommodates the increasing variety of NP programs. NP programs may be combined with or integrated into master's degree programs, and schools may report separate data for these integrated programs. In these instances, data are recorded under the NP program. If the school is unable to provide the data separately (e.g., some integrated programs are reported such that all admission, enrolment and/or graduate data are included in the master's program), then all the data are included under the master's program.

Links are established between partners offering collaborative baccalaureate programs such that admission, enrolment and graduate data records mirror the delivery of each partner. A baccalaureate program is attributed to each partner offering a part of the baccalaureate program. This approach allows for the statistical tracking of nursing students by qualification earned from the point of admission, by each year of enrolment, at each partner site through to graduation. It also accommodates recent changes whereby some colleges now award baccalaureate degrees or have changed their institution type from college to university. Historical results have not been affected by these changes.

Colleges and universities may establish program delivery partnerships that cross provincial or territorial boundaries. In 2007, the treatment of graduate data from program delivery partnerships that cross provincial or territorial boundaries was amended so that graduate results would be recorded in the student's home province or territory. Admission and enrolment data continue to be recorded according to the program delivery responsibility of each partner. The handling of admission and enrolment data did not change. Historical graduate data have been adjusted accordingly. Please see "Survey Methodology" for additional details.

#### **Tables**

The survey data are summarized in 19 tables for distribution to schools of nursing and interested parties (e.g., CASN member schools, researchers, government departments). Each table contains important notes covering data scope, updates to previous years' data, omissions and acknowledgments.

It is important to review the program names included in each of the program categories listed in the various tables. Equally important is an understanding of the approach taken to collaborative baccalaureate programs, data pertaining to NP programs and partnerships outside provincial or territorial boundaries. See the section "Background," above, for information on this point as well as "Data Organization." A review of the definitions used in the survey, in the next section, is also recommended.

#### **Data Confidentiality and Privacy**

As part of the 2015–2016 survey submission procedures, each school completed a confidentiality and approval release form authorizing CASN to release the data for purposes of research, policy-making, advocacy, etc.

CASN staff adheres to CASN's privacy policy, available on the CASN website.

# Definitions Used in the Survey

# Advanced Entrants (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Students previously enrolled in a non-nursing program (e.g., bachelor of arts, physiotherapy, and bachelor of science) who transfer to an RN education program. These students have already completed some of the program's required courses. As a result, they may be approved to join an existing student cohort in Year 2 or Year 3, and so on. Data reported in this selection are included in the calculation of admissions.

#### Advanced entrants include:

- students previously enrolled in school X in a non-nursing program who transfer to an RN education program in school X;
- students previously enrolled in school Y in a non-nursing program who transfer to an RN education program at school X; and
- students with a degree from a non-nursing program who enter an RN education program.

Note: Advanced entrants differ from first-time students. See the definition for "first-time students."

#### Baccalaureate Program Collaborative Delivery

A baccalaureate program offered in partnership between a university and another institution. Program partners may also belong to a consortium.

#### Baccalaureate Program University Delivery

A baccalaureate program offered solely by a university; no partners are involved.

# Campus Site

The school site (campus) where a program is offered.

#### **Continuing Students** (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Continuing students include:

- full-time students who progress to the next year of study without interruption, remaining with the same student cohort from one year of study to the next;
- part-time students who require more than one academic year to complete all required courses; and
- students who fail a course in a particular year of an RN education program but are permitted to move to Year 2 (policy may vary from one school to another).

#### **Employment Status**

A description of the employment status of faculty members. Includes tenured/tenure-track (permanent), non-tenured (non-permanent), full-time and part-time status.

#### **Enrolment** (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

The number of students enrolled in each year of study.

#### Enrolment Status

The type of student enrolled in a given program. Student enrolment status options are

- first time;
- continuing;
- advanced entrant;
- repeater;
- returnee leave of absence;
- transfer-in internal: and
- transfer-in external.

# Faculty Categories

The categories (i.e., faculty titles) provided may not apply to each school. Schools are encouraged to enter faculty titles in use at their school.

#### F1 Category

Within a university, these people are *tenured/tenurable* faculty who teach nursing courses. Within a college, these people are *permanent full-time* or *permanent part-time* faculty who teach nursing courses.

#### F2 Category

Within a university, these people are *non-tenurable* faculty fulfilling time-limited *contracts of one full academic year or longer* who teach nursing courses. Within a college, these people are *contract/non-permanent faculty* fulfilling time-limited *contracts of one full academic year or longer* who teach nursing courses.

#### F3 Category

Within a university, these people are *non-tenurable* faculty fulfilling time-limited *contracts of less than one full academic year* who teach nursing courses. Within a college, these people are *contract/non-permanent faculty* fulfilling time-limited *contracts of less than one full academic year* who teach nursing courses.

#### *First-Time Students* (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

New entrants to Year 1 of an RN education program. First-time students are found only in Year 1 data. Nursing students who are in Year 2 for the first time are not considered first-time students. Data reported in this selection are included in the calculation of admissions.

Note: First-time students differ from advanced entrants. See the definition of advanced entrants.

#### Intake

The number of times in an academic year when students enter programs. Sometimes *intake* is confused with the number of students admitted.

#### **Program Category**

Data are recorded in the database according to the following program categories: baccalaureate programs-university delivery, baccalaureate program-collaborative delivery,

post-RN, master's, doctoral, nurse practitioner. Each program category may contain multiple programs.

Example: Program category *post-RN*: the school may offer a post-RN program on-site as well as a post-RN program via distance. Both programs are listed under program category post-RN.

# Program Duration

The expected number of years/semesters required to complete the entire program based on full-time program delivery.

# Qualification

The name of the credential awarded upon successful completion of a program (e.g., BN, BScN, MN).

# Repeater Students (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Students who must repeat an entire year of study because they failed to meet their RN education program requirements in a given year (policy may vary from one school to another). However, students who are allowed to move on to the next year of the program while at the same time repeating a course from a previous year of study are not to be included in this enrolment status option. See "continuing students."

# Returnee Leave of Absence (LOA) Students (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Students who return to an RN education program following a school-sanctioned leave of absence (LOA) (e.g., maternity leave). The school policy regarding the amount of time a student may be absent dictates which students are included in this enrolment status option.

#### Roll-up Results

The combined total of program results where the programs belong to the same program category.

#### **Transfer-In Internal Students** (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

These students continue in an RN education program without interruption but transfer to a different campus of the same school to do so. These students have previously been counted in the program data of the original campus. This new enrolment status option permits schools with multiple campuses to better track the flow of nursing students across their various campus locations.

Note: In past years, some schools reported these students as "continuing students". If possible, please specify transfer-in internal students.

# **Transfer-In External Students** (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Students who started an RN education program at one school and transferred to a second school to continue their studies while remaining in the same program category. These students have previously been included in the program data of the original school. This new enrolment status option allows the receiving school to differentiate between transfers who are nursing students from other institutions and non-nursing students (see related information under "advanced entrants").

Note: In past years, some schools reported these students as "continuing students," while others chose "first time" in Year 2, etc. Transfer-in external students should be identified where possible.

#### **Endnotes**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Med-Emerg Inc. (2006). *Building the future: An integrated strategy for nursing human resources in Canada. Phase II final report.* Ottawa: Nursing Sector Study Corporation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>ii</sup> Regan, S., Thorne, S., & Mildon, B. (2009). Uncovering blind spots in education and practice leadership: Towards a collaborative response to the nurse shortage. *Canadian Journal of Nursing Leadership*, 22(2), 30-40.

iii Canadian Institute for Health Information. (2017). Regulated nurses 2016 Report. Ottawa, ON: Author.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>iv</sup> National Education Association: Higher Education Research Center. (2007). *Part-time faculty: A look at data and issues, 11*(3), 1-12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>v</sup> Canadian Institute for Health Information. (2017). Regulated nurses 2016 Report. Ottawa, ON: Author.