# **Registered Nurses Education** *in Canada Statistics*

# 2014–2015

Registered Nurse Workforce, Canadian Production: Potential New Supply

November 2016



Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing Association canadienne des écoles de sciences infirmières



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# Message from the Executive Director

*The Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing (CASN)* is pleased to present Registered Nurses Education in Canada Statistics, 2014–2015 — Registered Nurse Workforce, Canadian Production: Potential New Supply.

This annual report supports health human resources planning in both the nursing service and nursing education sectors. It represents the fruit of a strong partnership among national and provincial/territorial bodies and effective collaborative relationships with multiple stakeholders.

The report provides data and statistical analysis of

- the number of pre-licensure graduates eligible to apply for initial licensure/registration and enter the registered nurse (RN) workforce;
- the number of RNs obtaining graduate qualifications;
- the number of nurse practitioner (NP) graduates;
- innovations in nursing education program access and delivery;
- the composition of faculty delivering nursing education; and
- faculty retention and recruitment.

We extend our sincere thanks to the contributing faculty and staff of the schools of nursing for their effort, commitment, and collaboration. Without their annual support, this collection could not exist. We would also like to thank CASN members and the College of Nurses of Ontario who contributed to question testing, and the Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec who provide additional data for Québec.

We look forward to hearing your comments about the report.

Yours sincerely,

Cynthia Baker, RN, PhD Executive Director Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing

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## Introduction

The *Registered Nurses Education in Canada Statistics* report is a product of the *National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing* (NSFS), and it is the only longitudinal national collection of nursing education data in Canada. The report includes entry-to-practice education programs for registered nurses, as well as master's and doctoral nursing programs and programs for nurse practitioners (NP). Data has been collected on RN students and faculty since 1963. Stakeholders are consulted annually regarding improvements and the continued applicability of selected survey questions.

## National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing (NSFS)

Stakeholders	Role
Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing (CASN)	Survey program lead
	Registered nursing education lead (includes nurse practitioner education)

The *Registered Nurses Education in Canada Statistics* report of the NSFS focuses on two main elements: programs and faculty. Program elements provide data about the number of students admitted, enrolled, and graduating from nursing programs, the types of programs offered, and the approaches to program delivery. Faculty elements include numbers of faculty, types of faculty, their employment status, level of education attained and in progress, age cohort, and information on recruitment and retirement.

This publication provides an analytical report of the 2014-2015 data collected from the registered nurse (RN) and nurse practitioner portions of the NSFS. The key program findings are presented for 2014-2015, followed by the key RN faculty findings for 2015. The detailed 2014-2015 results are then presented. The results include data from the survey as well as data obtained from the Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec (OIIQ), added to offset survey under-reporting of admission and graduate data for Quebec's entry-to-practice diploma programs. The inclusion of the OIIQ data, in combination with the results of the NSFS, permits a pan-Canadian analysis.

Note: In order to ensure clarity the OIIQ data is used for both the admissions and graduate data points for entry to practice in all sections of this report.

Previously, the use of OIIQ data was limited to the section "Key Program Findings."

## **Survey Distribution and Response**

The 2014–2015 NSFS survey was issued to all 136 schools of nursing in Canada offering entry-to-practice (ETP) pre-licensure education entitling successful graduates to apply for initial licensure/registration as an RN, and/or post-RN baccalaureate programs for nurses, NP, and/or graduate RN education.

Of the 136 schools, 115 schools completed the survey, including 88 of a possible 93 CASN members. Of the 115 schools, 26 were CÉGEPs. The overall survey response rate was 84.6%; the CASN member response rate was 94.6%. See the tables starting on page 22 for more detailed information about omitted or unusable data. On average, 79.2% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

## **Data Comparison Timeframes**

Program inventory, admission, and enrolment data were collected for the 2014–2015 academic year. Unless otherwise stated, increases or decreases noted in the report are in relation to 2013–2014 data.

Graduate data were collected for calendar year 2015. Unless otherwise stated, increases or decreased noted in the 2015 data are in relation to the 2014 survey data.

Faculty data were also collected for calendar year 2015. Unless otherwise stated, comparisons of faculty data with previous results are in relation to 2014 data.

## **Survey Methodology**

See Appendix A for methodological information.

# 2014–2015 Key Program Findings

This section of the report highlights key findings regarding education programs in 2014–2015. It reveals trends related to the numbers of new graduates being prepared to enter the workforce as well as the modalities and educational level of the program they are taking across the country.

## **Entry-to-Practice Programs**

Entry-to-practice (ETP) programs entitle the successful graduate to apply for initial licensure/ registration as an RN.

- 113 of the 115 schools (98.3%) offered an ETP program.
- 89 of the 115 schools (77.4%) offered ETP baccalaureate programs.
- ETP baccalaureate programs were offered in every province and territory, except for the Yukon, where no registered nurse education programs exist.
- 39 colleges partnered with a university to deliver ETP baccalaureate programs; three colleges in British Columbia granted ETP baccalaureate degrees autonomously.

## **ETP Admissions**

• 16,248 students entered ETP programs in 2014–2015, an increase of 3.0% (from 15,774) (Figure A).

Program inventory and admissions are 2014–2015 data as compared with 2013– 2014 data.

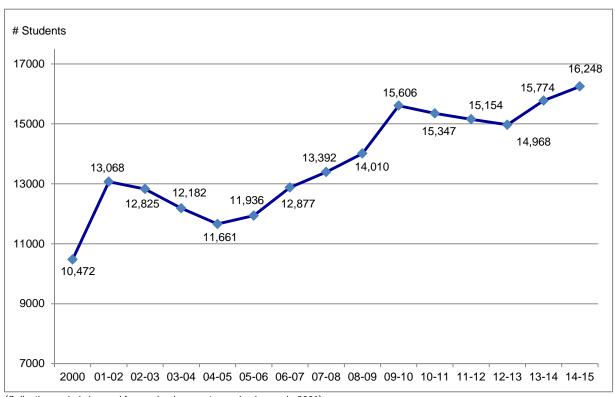


Figure A: Admissions to Entry-to-Practice Programs, 1999–2000 to 2014–2015

(Collection period changed from calendar year to academic year in 2001) Sources: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing; Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec

## **ETP Graduates**

- By and large, the number of graduates has risen steadily between 2000 and 2015. The number of graduates rose in 2015 to 12,549, a 4.7% increase compared with 2014 (11,954).
- The number of ETP graduates surpassed 10,000 for the sixth year in a row (Figure B).

Graduate data are 2015 data as compared with 2014 data.

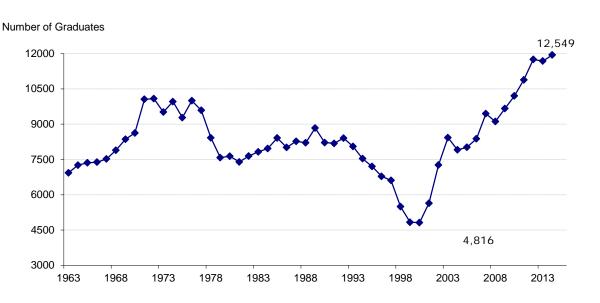


Figure B: Graduates from Entry-to-Practice Programs, 1963-2015

Sources: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing; Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec Note: The 2013–2014 figure has been revised based on corrections provided by the schools, resulting in a change from 11,987 to 11,954.

Table A: Percent Change of Number of Graduates from Entry-to-Practice Programs by Jurisdiction, 2011 to 2015

	2011	% Change '10 to	2012	% Change '11 to	2013	% Change '12 to	2014	% Change ′13 to	2015	% Change '14 to
Jurisdiction		'11		'12		'13		'14		'15
Newfoundland and Labrador	223	34.3	253	13.5	237	-6.3	250	5.5	247	-1.2
Prince Edward Island	67	24.1	62	-0.7	61	-0.2	73	19.7	63	-13.7
Nova Scotia	265	-12.3	325	22.6	366	12.6	370	1.1	391	5.7
New Brunswick	291	-4	344	18.2	235	-31.7	256	8.9	268	4.7
Quebec	2,637	11.0	2,805	6.4	3,084	9.9	3,330	8.0	3,297	-1
Ontario	3,731	4.5	3,941	5.6	3,992	1.3	4,038	1.2	4,141	2.6
Manitoba	498	-17.1	351	-41.9	492	40.2	437	-11.8	470	7.3
Saskatchewan	387	22.9	409	5.7	407	-0.1	446	9.6	590	32.3
Alberta	1,396	15.9	1,689	22.0	1,465	-13.3	1,383	-5.6	1,711	23.7
British Columbia	1,370	4.8	1,534	12.0	1,312	-14.5	1,404	7.0	1,352	-3.7
Northwest Territories	16	14.3	13	-23.1	26	100	13	-50	16	23.1
Nunavut	*	-80	*	100	6	100	*	-66.7	*	50
Yukon (no programs)										
CANADA	10,882	6.7	11,728	7.2	11,683	-0.4	11,954	2.3	12,549	4.9

Sources: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing; Ordre des infirmières et infirmiers du Québec \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4

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Note: Data for 2014 for Ontario have been revised based on corrected data provided by schools (4,034 to 4,038). Data for 2014 for Manitoba have been revised based on corrected data provided by schools (426 to 437).

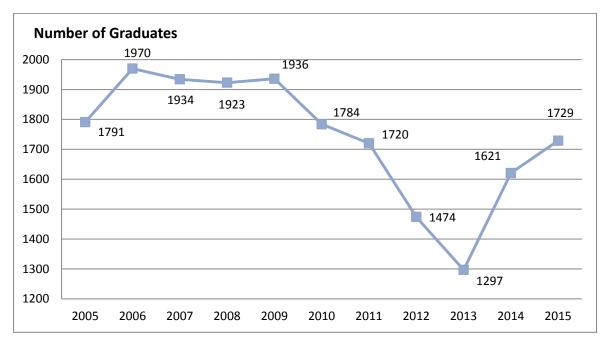
### **Post-RN Programs**

- 21.2% of schools (28 of 115 schools) offered one or more post-RN baccalaureate programs for diploma-trained nurses wishing to obtain a baccalaureate degree in nursing or nursing science.
- Post-RN programs were not reported by Prince Edward Island, the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, or the Yukon.
- 1,729 diploma-trained RNs graduated from post-RN baccalaureate programs in 2015 representing a 6.6% increase from last year (Figure C).

Program inventory data are 2014–2015 data as compared with 2013–2014 data.

Graduate data are 2015 data as compared with 2014 data.





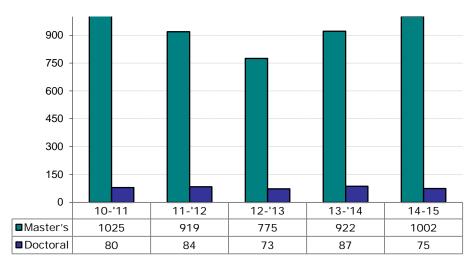
Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

## **Master's and Doctoral Programs**

Admissions to doctoral programs have remained fairly stable in the last five years.

- 27.8% of schools (34 of 115 schools) offered one or more master's programs; master's programs were not available in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, or the Yukon.
- 14.8% of schools (17 of 115 schools) offered doctoral programs in 2014–2015.
- 1,002 students were admitted to master's programs, an increase of 8.3% since 2013–2014 (Figure D).
- 688 RNs graduated from master's programs, a 11.4% increase from the previous year (Figure E).
- Admissions to doctoral programs decreased by 14.8% from the previous year (Figure D).
- Total graduates from doctoral programs was 66 graduates in 2015 as compared with 58 in 2014, an increase of 13.8% (Figure E).

Figure D: Admissions to Master's and Doctoral Programs, 2010–2011 to 2014–2015

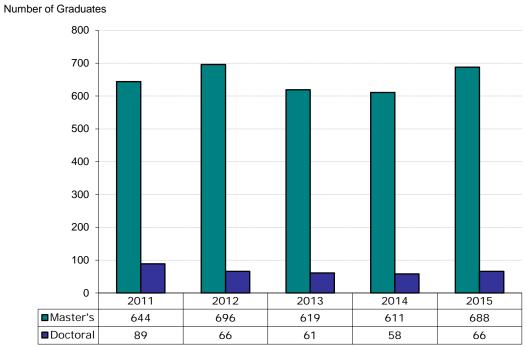


Number of Admissions

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

Note: The 2013–2014 master's admission figure has been revised from 923 to 922 based on corrections provided by the schools. The 2013–2014 doctoral admission figure has been revised from 84 to 87 based on corrections provided by the schools.

#### Figure E: Graduates from Master's and Doctoral Programs, 2011 to 2015



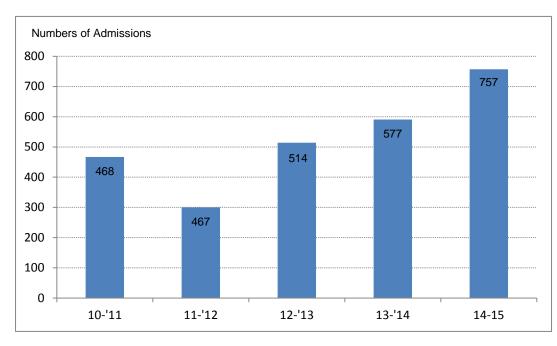
Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

Note: The 2013–2014 master's admission figure has been revised from 617 to 611 based on corrections provided by the schools.

## **Nurse Practitioner Programs**

Nurse practitioner (NP) programs are offered at three educational levels: post-RN, master's, and post-master's.

- 29.6% of schools (34 of 115 schools) offered one or more NP programs.
- NP programs were reported in all provinces and territories, except for the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, and the Yukon.
- Following a drop in 2011–2012, the number of students admitted to NP programs rose in 2014–2015. It increased 28.1% in 2014–2015 over 2013–2014, with 757 students entering a variety of NP programs (Figure F).
- Graduate levels for NP programs increased by 18.5% in 2015 compared to 2014: 532 graduates in 2015 as compared with 449 in 2014. (Figure G).



## Figure F: Admissions to Nurse Practitioner Programs 2010-2011 to 2014-2015

Source: *National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing* Note: The 2013-2014 figure has been revised from 591 to 577 based on corrections provided by the schools.

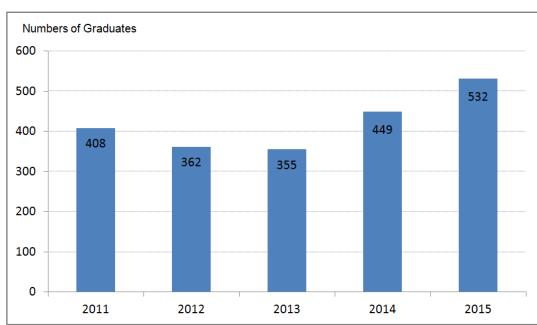


Figure G: Graduates from Nurse Practitioner Programs 2011-2015

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

## **Approaches to Program Delivery**

## **Fast-Track ETP Programs**

Fast-track ETP programs allow students to complete an entry-to-practice baccalaureate degree in less than four years. These programs achieve this by offering courses throughout the spring and summer months and by admitting students who have already completed some of the program requirements, typically some of the foundational non-nursing course requirements. A variety of fast-track ETP programs are being offered, including those identified as *accelerated*, *fast-track*, *compressed*, *second-degree entry*, *advanced entry*, and *bridging* programs. The number of fast-track ETP programs continues to grow.

Note: The usual ETP baccalaureate program duration of four years may not be the standard program length for all ETP baccalaureate programs in Quebec. As a result, Quebec ETP programs are not counted as fast-tracked unless the school identifies the program as such.

- 38.3% of schools (44 of 115 schools) offered one or more ETP fast-track programs (Table B).
- Many of the 44 schools offered multiple fast-track program options (Table C).

Program inventory data are 2014–2015 data as compared with 2013–2014 data.

# Table B: Number of Schools Offering Fast-Track Entry-to-Practice Programs by Jurisdiction, 2014–2015

	Canada	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
No. of Schools Offering Fast-Track ETP Programs	44	2	1	1	1	5	19		4	5	6			

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

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Table C. Number of Fact Treat Entr	v to Dractico Dragrama hu	/ Juria diation 2010 2011 to 2012 201E	<i>.</i>
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	Canada	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
2010-2011	82	3	1	6	2	14	22	0	3	15	16			
2011-2012	93	3	1	6	4	9	28	2	2	17	18			
2012-2013	87	3	1	4	2	11	27	2	3	15	18			
2013-2014	72	2	1	1	1	11	17	4	5	14	16			
2014-2015	44	2	1	1	1	5	19		4	5	6			

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

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## **Distance Education Options**

For the purposes of this report, distance education (DE) is used to describe programs offered wholly electronically or in a blended model that incorporates online and face-to-face delivery.

- 50.5% of all programs (100 of 198 programs) used some form of DE (Table D).
- Some DE delivery is used in 89.2% of all nurse practitioner programs and in 81.8% of master's programs. Of Canada's 17 doctoral programs, 37.3% utilize some DE options.

Jurisdiction	ETP Baccalaureate	Post-RN Baccalaureate	Master's	Doctoral	Nurse Practitioner	Total All Programs
Newfoundland and Labrador	1	1	1		1	4
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia		2	1		1	4
New Brunswick		2	2		2	6
Quebec		1	5	3	4	13
Ontario	11	4	5		8	28
Manitoba	3	2	2	1		8
Saskatchewan	2	1			2	5
Alberta	3	2	1	1	1	8
British Columbia	6	6	4	1	4	21
Northwest Territories			1		1	2
Nunavut					1	1
Yukon (no programs)						
DE Program Total	26	21	27	6	25	100
CANADA: Program Total (see Table 1 p. 20)	91	28	34	17	28	198
DE Programs as a % of Canada Program Total	28.6%	75.0%	79.4%	37.3%	89.2%	50.5%

 Table D: Number and Types of Programs Utilizing some Distance Education by Jurisdiction, 2014–2015

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

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# 2015 Key RN Faculty Findings

The supply of RN faculty is a major factor affecting the capacity of programs to educate nurses.<sup>1</sup> It is influenced by retirement of existing faculty, the inflow of newly prepared faculty, and variables such as the ability to attract and retain qualified faculty.<sup>ii</sup>

RN or nursing faculty encompasses different types of nursing educators. For the purposes of this report:

- "Permanent faculty" refers to tenured/tenurable faculty who teach nursing courses in a university and permanent full-time or permanent part-time faculty who teach nursing courses in a college.
- "Full-time faculty" refers to full-time permanent faculty who teach nursing courses plus full-time contract faculty (these are faculty who hold contracts of one academic year or longer) who teach nursing courses.
- "Contract faculty" refers to full-time contract faculty (these are faculty who hold contracts of one academic year or longer) who teach nursing courses plus part-time contract faculty (these are faculty who hold contracts of less than one academic year) who teach nursing courses.
- Clinical faculty are not included in faculty counts.
- "RN faculty" and "faculty" refer to all of the above.

## **RN Faculty Demographics**

• 10,582 RN faculty members were employed by schools of nursing in 2015.

Faculty data are 2015 data as compared with 2014 data.

- Only 26.5% of faculty members are permanent: 2,800 of the 10,582 RN faculty (Table E).
- 58.1% of permanent faculty were 50 years of age or older; 39.3% of permanent faculty were 55 years or older (Table F) and 21.6% were 60 years or over.
- The RN faculty are older than the general RN workforce with the percentage of RN permanent faculty in the 50+ age cohort more than 10 percentage points higher than the percentage of 50+ in the RN workforce<sup>iii</sup> (Table F).
- An increasing percentage of RN permanent faculty were in the 50+ age cohort with the greatest percentage change in the 60+ age cohort (Table G).

The response rate for the question about age cohorts was 79.8% (75 schools). The response rate for the questions about employment status was 80.1% (109 schools).

#### Table E: Number of Faculty by Employment Status, 2015

Faculty Category	Number of Faculty	% of Faculty Workforce
Permanent Faculty: permanent, full-time faculty	2,800*	26.5
Contract Full-Time Faculty: faculty fulfilling contracts of one academic year or longer	1,211*	11.4
Contract Part-Time Faculty: faculty fulfilling contracts of less than one academic year	6,571	62.1
Total Faculty Workforce:	10,582	100

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing;

\*See tables 10 and 14 (p. 41 and p. 45 respectively)

#### Table F: Age Category Percentages for 2015 RN Workforce compared to 2015 RN Permanent Faculty

Age Category	% of RN Workforce, 2015	% of RN Permanent Faculty, 2015
<35	26.7	6.1
35-39	10.9	10.1
40-44	11.5	12.2
45-49	12.0	13.4
50-54	13.4	18.8
55+	25.5	39.3

Sources: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing; Canadian Institute for Health Information. (2015). Regulated nurses 2015 Report.<sup>iii</sup>

Note: RN Workforce percentages do not add to 100 due to "unstated".

Age Cohort	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	% Change '14 to '15
<40	16	15.5	14.5	14.6	16.2	1.6
40-49	27.4	26.0	25.3	25.2	25.6	0.4
50-59	38.7	39.7	40.2	40.2	36.5	-3.7
60+	17.8	18.8	20.0	20.0	21.6	1.6

#### Table G: Comparison of RN Permanent Faculty Age Cohorts 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

## **RN Faculty Recruitment and Retirement**

- The data collected on questions concerning faculty recruitment and retirement have implications for future faculty supply, particularly when examined in relation to the numbers of current enrolments in graduate programs. They indicate an imminent shortage of qualified faculty if current entry-to-practice enrolments are maintained.
- 212 permanent RN faculty (senior faculty) retired in 2015.
- 10.0% (21 of the 212) were under 60.
- 21.6% of permanent RN faculty aged 60 or more (Table G) were eligible to retire.
- Schools were unable to fill 49 full-time positions, representing a 1.8% vacancy rate. See Table E for full-time faculty count.
- Schools projected a need to hire 243 full-time faculty in 2016 (Table H).

	Canada	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
Full-Time Permanent Faculty, # of Hires Projected	137	4	2	5	6	10	31	4	24	22	31	0	0	0
Full-Time Contract Faculty, # of Hires Projected	106	3	0	9	7	4	20	7	2	36	17	1	0	0

Table H: Full-Time RN Faculty Hiring Projections, 2016

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

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The response rate for the question about recruitment projections of full-time faculty was 80.9% (76 schools).

The response rate for the question about actual retirement of permanent faculty was 80.9% (76 schools).

## Full-Time RN Faculty Academic Upgrading

- 11.7% of permanent full-time RN faculty (328 permanent full-time faculty) were engaged in academic upgrading programs ranging from baccalaureate to post-doctoral studies. These studies took place in schools in and outside of Canada (Table I).
- The majority of faculty who were upgrading educational qualifications were enrolled in master's (33.5%) or doctoral programs (52.7%).

The response rate for the question about the number of full-time faculty engaged in academic upgrading was 79.8% (75 schools).

	Full-Time F	Permanent	Full-Time	Contract	
	In Canada	Outside Canada	In Canada	Outside Canada	Total
Canada Total	212	19	89	8	328
Baccalaureate degree in nursing	11		1		12
Baccalaureate degree in other discipline	2				2
Master's degree in nursing	35	4	49		88
Master's degree in other discipline	17	1	4		22
Doctoral degree in nursing	82	7	15	6	110
Doctoral degree in other discipline	48	4	9	2	63
NP other					
NP post-master's	1		3		4
NP master's	4	1			5
Post-doctoral study in nursing	7	1	6		14
Post-doctoral study in other discipline	5	1	2		8
Other					

#### Table I: Full-Time Faculty Engaged in Academic Upgrading, 2015

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

## Number of RN Faculty and Type of RN Faculty Contracts in Place

- Schools employed 10,582 faculty members (Table E).
- 26.5% of the faculty held full-time permanent positions (Table E).
- 11.4% of full-time faculty held full-time contracts of one academic year or longer (Table E).
- 62.1% of the faculty currently teaching in nursing programs were employed in a part-time contract capacity (Table E).

The response rate for the two questions concerning the number of full-time and part-time contracts in place was 80.1% (109 schools).

## Number of RN Faculty on Leave

The survey question concerning faculty leave captures the number of permanent faculty on any school-approved leave of absence.<sup>IV</sup> An approved leave includes, but is not restricted to, maternity/paternity leave, sick leave, compassionate leave and sabbatical leave.

- 4.8% of permanent faculty (135) were on leave (Table J).
- Nova Scotia, Ontario, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia and the North West Territories exceeded the Canada percentage of total faculty on leave.

The response rate for the question about number of permanent faculty on leave was 80.9% (76 schools).

"Contract faculty" refers to full-time plus part-time contract faculty. Table J: Full-Time Permanent RN Faculty on Leave, 2015

	Canada	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
No. of Full-Time Permanent RN Faculty	2800	87	9	66	72	739	635	101	191	330	555	14	1	
No. of Full-Time Permanent RN Faculty on Leave	135			5	3	16	41	2	13	23	30	2		
% on Leave	4.8	2.3	0	7.6	4.2	2.2	6.3	2.0	6.8	7.0	5.4	14.3	0	

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

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### **Faculty Recruitment Factors**

Schools were asked to identify factors that affect their ability to recruit full-time faculty. The data reveal many shared experiences across geographic location; when the data are broken down by region, however, similarities emerge in the factors reported in northern and rural areas.

### **Factors in Northern and Rural Areas**

Schools in northern and rural areas reported that the biggest factors limiting their ability to recruit faculty were

- lack of nurse practitioner, master's, and doctorally prepared candidates;
- lower salaries and fewer benefits; and
- remote location and small community size.

## **Pan-Canadian Recruitment Factors**

Schools across Canada identified similar factors as a challenge limiting their ability to recruit new faculty. The three main concerns are presented in Table K.

Recruitment Factors	% of Respondents Reporting Factor
A shortage of nurse practitioner, master's, and doctorally prepared nurses seeking academic positions	45.2
Lower salaries and fewer benefits for master's and doctorally prepared faculty as compared with salaries available in practice settings	30.6
Budget cuts and lack of funding to create and sustain positions	22.6

Table K: Recruitment Factors, 2015

Source: National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing

The response rate for the question about issues affecting the recruitment of full-time faculty was 67.0% (63 responses).

# **Summary of Key Program and RN Faculty Findings**

- The number of graduates from entry-to-practice programs continued to increase in 2014–2015 (12,549 in 2015, a 4.7% increase compared with 2014).
- Admissions increased in 2014–2015; 16,248 students entered ETP programs, an increase of 3.0% from 15,774 the previous year.
- 50.6% of all programs now use some distance education delivery, which may be improving student access.
- Increased graduate program admissions need to be sustained to avoid a potential faculty shortage as the following data indicate:
  - o 39.3% of faculty were in the 55+ age cohort
  - $\circ$  21.6% of faculty were in the 60+ age cohort.
  - Currently, there are 455 students enrolled in PhD nursing programs in Canada, 173 of which are current faculty members.
  - The potential future supply of new faculty from current PhD enrolment in Canada is therefore 282.
  - In 2014–2015, master's admission increased by 8.3% and doctoral admissions decreased by 14.8%. Both the numbers of master's and doctoral graduates increased.
  - The replacement pool (master's and doctoral graduates) for retiring faculty is inadequate if enrolments in graduate programs remain at current levels.

## 2014-2015 Results

The 2014–2015 survey was issued to the 136 schools of nursing offering entry-to-practice (ETP) pre-licensure education entitling successful graduates to apply for initial licensure/registration as an RN, or for post-RN, NP and graduate RN education. It was completed by 115 schools, including 88 of a possible 93 CASN members.

The overall survey response rate was 84.6%; the CASN member response rate was 94.6%. See the tables starting on page 22 for more detailed information about omitted or unusable data. On average, 79.2% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

Different collection periods and methodologies and under-reporting from a small proportion of schools may result in differences between the records of a provincial/territorial government or regulatory body and the data from the *National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing*.

The following tables represent data as reported by each of the participating schools and do not include data from other sources. CASN is not responsible for errors in data reported by schools.

Note: In order to ensure clarity the OIIQ data is used for both the admissions and graduate data points for entry to practice in all sections of this report. Previously the use of OIIQ data was limited to the section "Key Program Findings."

It is important to read the notes that accompany each table as well as the section "Methodological Notes" on page 53, which contains information pertinent to all of the tables. The full survey methodology and definitions are in Appendix A.

Table 1: Education Programs by Province and Territory — Schools Offering Diploma, Undergraduate and Graduate Programs, 2014-2015, by Program Category

Baccalaureate collaborative partnerships are shown by indenting the name of the partner school under that of the degree-granting institution.

	Diploma	Bacc.	Post-RN	Master's	Doctoral	NP
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Memorial University of Newfoundland						
Centre for Nursing Studies						
Western Regional School of Nursing						
Prince Edward Island						
University of Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia						
Cape Breton University						
Dalhousie University						
St. Francis Xavier University			$\checkmark$			
New Brunswick						
Université de Moncton						
University of New Brunswick						
Quebec	ſ					
Abitibi-Témiscamingue, CEGEP						
Alma, CEGEP						
André-Laurendeau, CEGEP						
Baie-Comeau, CEGEP						
Beauce-Appalaches, CEGEP						
Bois-de-Boulogne, CEGEP						
Champlain, CEGEP						
Chicoutimi, CEGEP						
Dawson, CEGEP	$\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$					
Drummondville, CEGEP	√ √					
Édouard-Montpetit, CEGEP François-Xavier-Garneau, CEGEP	v √					
	√ √					
Gaspésie, CEGEP	v √					
Granby Haute-Yamaska, CEGEP Heritage, CEGEP	√ √					
John-Abbott, CEGEP	√ √					
Jonquière, CEGEP	v √					
La Pocatière, CEGEP	√ √					
Lévis-Lauzon, CEGEP	v √					
Limoilou, CEGEP	v √					
Maisonneuve, CEGEP	√ √					
Matane, CEGEP	v √					
McGill University	v					
Montmorency, CEGEP		v	v	v	·	v
Outaouais, CEGEP						
Régional de Lanaudière, CEGEP	√					
Rimouski, CEGEP						

	Diploma	Bacc.	Post-RN	Master's	Doctoral	NP
Rivière-du-Loup, CEGEP						
Sainte-Foy, CEGEP						
Saint-Félicien, CEGEP						
Saint-Hyacinthe, CEGEP						
Saint-Jean-sur-Richelieu, CEGEP						
Saint-Jérome, CEGEP						
Saint-Laurent, CEGEP	$\checkmark$					
Sept- Îles, CEGEP						
Shawinigan, CEGEP	$\checkmark$					
Sherbrooke, CEGEP						
Sorel-Tracy, CEGEP	$\checkmark$					
Thetford, CEGEP						
Trois-Rivières, CEGEP	$\checkmark$					
Université Laval		$\checkmark$				
Université de Montréal		$\checkmark$				
Université de Sherbrooke						
Université du Québec à Chicoutimi						
Université du Québec à Rimouski						
Université du Québec à Trois-Rivières		$\checkmark$				
Université du Québec en Abitibi- Témiscamingue						
Université du Québec en Outaouais						
Valleyfield, CEGEP						
Vanier, CEGEP						
Victoriaville, CEGEP	$\checkmark$					
Ontonia						
Ontario		ſ	7			
Brock University		√ 				
Loyalist College						
Humber College (partnered with University of New Brunswick)				,		
Lakehead University						$\checkmark$
Confederation College						
Laurentian University / Université Laurentienne		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Cambrian College		$\checkmark$				
Collège Boréal						
Northern College						
St. Lawrence College						
Sault College		$\checkmark$				
McMaster University						
Conestoga College						
Mohawk College						
Nipissing University		$\checkmark$				
Canadore College		$\checkmark$				
Queen's University		$\checkmark$				
Ryerson University		$\checkmark$				
Centennial College		$\checkmark$				
George Brown College						
Trent University/Fleming College						
University of Ontario Institute of Technology						

	Diploma	Bacc.	Post-RN	Master's	Doctoral	NP
Georgian College						
Durham College						
University of Ottawa / Université d'Ottawa						
Algonquin						
Cité Collégiale, La						
University of Toronto						
University of Western Ontario						
Fanshawe College		√		•		•
University of Windsor						
Lambton College		√		•		•
St. Clair College						
York University, Atkinson College		√				
Georgian College				•		•
Seneca College		v √				
Selleca College		v				
Manitoba						
Brandon University						
Collège Universitaire de Saint-Boniface						
Red River College						
University of Manitoba						
University College of the North						
Saskatchewan						
University of Saskatchewan		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		
University of Regina						
Saskatchewan Polytechnic (formerly Saskatchewan Institute of Applied Sciences and Technology)						
Alberta						
Athabasca University						
MacEwan University						
Mount Royal University						
University of Alberta						
Grande Prairie College						
Keyano College						
Red Deer College						
University of Calgary		√				
Medicine Hat College				•	•	•
University of Lethbridge		√				
Lethbridge College		v √	v	v		
Lembnuge College		v				
British Columbia						
British Columbia Institute of Technology		$\checkmark$				
Douglas College						
Kwantlen University College						
Langara Community College						
Thompson Rivers University						
Trinity Western University						
University College of the Fraser Valley		√				
University of British Columbia						
University of British Columbia — Okanagan		√		√	•	·

	Diploma	Bacc.	Post-RN	Master's	Doctoral	NP
Okanagan College		$\checkmark$				
University of Northern British Columbia		$\checkmark$				
College of New Caledonia		$\checkmark$				
Northwest Community College						
University of Victoria		$\checkmark$				
Camosun College		$\checkmark$				
College of the Rockies		$\checkmark$				
Selkirk College		$\checkmark$				
Vancouver Community College		$\checkmark$				
Vancouver Island University		$\checkmark$				
North Island College						
Northwest Territories						
Aurora College (partnered with University of Victoria for the Baccalaureate and with Dalhousie for the NP program))		$\checkmark$				
Nunavut						
Nunavut Arctic College (partnered with Dalhousie University)		$\checkmark$				
Yukon: No programs offered						
CANADA Total	42	91	28	34	17	28

## Notes

The "Canada Total" counts include programs known to be offered by schools that did not respond to the survey.

In this table, "Bacc." refers to generic baccalaureate programs.

See Appendix A for details on methodology.

## Table 2: Admission, Enrolment, and Graduate Data by Program, 2014-2015

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
DIPLOMA														
Admission														
	4,299					4,299								
Enrolment						7.405								
0 1 1	7,405					7,405								
Graduates	s, 2015 2,735					2 725								
Craduator		····	 o of total n			2,735								
Graduates	s, 2015 as a j 100				auuales	100								
BACCALAL						100								
Admission														
numission	11,949	290	90	477	139	756	5,477	494	699	2,004	1,489	29	5	
Enrolment														
	42,810	995	260	1,640	931	2,008	19,203	1,707	2,603	7,544	5,827	68	24	
Graduates	s, 2015													
	9,814	247	63	391	268	562	4,141	470	590	1,711	1,352	16	*	
Graduates	s, 2015 as a j	percentage	e of total r	national gra	aduates									
	100	2.5	0.6	4.0	2.7	5.7	42.2	4.8	6.0	17.4	13.8	0.2	0.0	
POST BAC		TE												
Admission		4.0				4 005				400				
	1,985	10		83		1,385	254			188	247			
Enrolment	7,416	40		319	13	4,400	1,001	60		1239	344			
Graduates		40		317	13	4,400	1,001	00		1237	544	•••		•••
Graduales	1,732	10		36	6	1,108	277	27	*	115	152			
Graduates	s, 2015 as a j					1,100	211	21		115	152			
Oraduates	100	0.6		2.1	0.3	64.0	16.0	1.6	0.1	6.6	8.8			
MASTER'S	100	010		2	010	0110	1010	110	011	010	010			
Admission	IS													
	1,002	20	*	23	19	220	324	22	20	265	87			
Enrolment														
	2,888	88	11	61	56	539	779	77	45	901	328			
Graduates														
	685	18	*	13	9	101	260	12	5	162	101			
Graduates	s, 2015 as a j													
	100	3.1	0.2	2.2	1.6	17.4	44.9	2.1	0.9	28.0	17.4			
DOCTORAT														
Admission	is 75			2		20	24		*	20	6			
Enrolment				2		20	27			20	0			
LIIIOIIIICIII	455	*		10		100	151	9	14	102	66			
Graduates	s, 2015													
	66			*		11	27			17	8			
Graduates	s, 2015 as a j	percentage	e of total r	ational gra	aduates									
	100			4.5		16.7	40.9			25.8	12.1			
NURSE PR	ACTITIONEI	<b>२</b>												
Admission	IS													
	757	4				53	279	19	41	331	30			
Enrolment														
	1,622	5	*			110	596	30	81	695	102	*		
Graduates		-					077			67	<i></i>			
<b>•</b> • • •	532	5	*	16	18	46	277	11	20	97	36	*		
Graduates	s, 2015 as a j						50.1		0.6					
	100	0.9	0.5	3.0	3.4	8.6	52.1	2.1	3.8	17.6	6.8	0.5		

## Notes

- OIIQ data 2014–2015: 4,299 students were admitted to diploma programs and 756 students to baccalaureate programs; 2,735 students graduated from diploma programs and 562 from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- As of 2013-2014, OIIQ data has been used for all Quebec admission and graduate numbers to ensure a complete and accurate picture.
- Enrolment numbers are supplied directly from the schools.
- Les totaux peuvent ne pas correspondre à 100% en raison de l'arrondissement.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

## Quebec

Master's	2 schools' admission data; 2 schools' enrolment data; 2 schools' graduate data
Ontario	
Baccalaureate	2 schools' admission data; 2 schools' enrolment data; 1 school's graduate data
Alberta	
Baccalaureate	1 school's admission data; 1 school's enrolment data; 1 school's graduate data

#### **Symbols**

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 3: Diploma Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2010-2015

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS	;													
2010-2011														
	4,929					4,898		31						
2011-2012	4,590					4,579		11						
2012-2013	4,570					1,077								
	4,609					4,609								
2013-2014	4 5 0 0					4 5 0 0								
2014-2015	4,580					4,580								
2011 2010	4,299					4,299								
ENROLMENT														
2010-2011														
2011 2012	5,390					5,205		185						
2011-2012	6,334					6,207		127						
2012-2013														
	6,645					6,618		27						
2013-2014	5,430					5,430								
2014-2015	0,100					0,100								
	7,405					7,405								
GRADUATES	<b>i</b>													
2011														
2011	2,428					2,327		101						
2012														
2012	2,477					2,448		29						
2013	2,732					2,708		24						
2014	=,=					_,								
2245	2,752					2,752								
2015	2,735					2,735								

## Notes

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 2010-2011: All data usable.
- 2011-2012: All data usable.
- 2012-2013: All data usable.
- 2013-2014: All data usable.
- 2014-2015: All data usable.

OIIQ reports the following for Quebec diploma programs:

- 2010-2011: 4,898 students were admitted to diploma programs and 547 students to baccalaureate programs; 2,327 students graduated from diploma programs and 362 from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2011-2012: 4,579 students were admitted to diploma programs and 718 students to baccalaureate programs; 2,448 students graduated from diploma programs and 400 from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2012-2013: 4,609 students were admitted to diploma programs and 708 students to baccalaureate programs; 2,448 students graduated from diploma programs and 400 from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2013-2014: 4,580 students were admitted to diploma programs; 2,752 students graduated from diploma programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2014-2015: 4,299 students were admitted to diploma programs; 2,735 students graduated from diploma programs. Enrolment data were not reported.

#### **Symbols**

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 4: Baccalaureate Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2010-2015

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS	5													
2010-2011	10,394	282	75	471	324	532	4,210	465	526	2,090	1,380	31	8	
2011-2012	10,564	292	62	499	410	744	4,170	351	399	2,235	1,352	32	18	
2012-2013	10,343	290	75	481	205	692	4,017	460	225	2,572	1,285	26	14	
2013-2014	11,194	271	79	434	259	775	4,343	503	575	2,424	1,497	27	7	
2014-2015	10,807	274	88	395	139	756	5,024	584	406	1,818	1,316	*	*	
ENROLMENT	Г													
2010-2011	37,039	991	271	1,426	1,338	1,457	15,257	1,669	1,544	6,998	5,972	95	21	
2011-2012	37,345	1,029	242	1,498	1,466	1,849	14,812	1,654	1,797	7,138	5,745	93	22	
2012-2013	36,566	956	254	1,557	934	1,786	14,254	1,724	1,799	7,389	5,787	99	27	
2013-2014	39,112	1,048	259	1,583	1,157	2,041	15,829	1,638	2,130	7,378	5,955	70	24	
2014-2015	42,810	995	260	1,640	931	2,008	19,203	1,707	2,603	7,544	5,827	68	24	
GRADUATES				,		,			,	,				
2011	8,454	223	67	265	291	310	3,731	397	387	1,396	1,370	**	*	
2012	9,273	253	84	325	344	357	3,941	322	409	1,689	1,534	**	*	
2013	8,951	237	61	366	235	376	3,992	468	407	1,465	1,312	26	6	
2014	9,202	250	73	370	256	578	4,038	437	446	1,383	1,404	13	*	
2015	9,814	247	63	391	268	562	4,141	470	590	1,711	1,352	16	*	

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

#### Symbols

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

## Notes

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 2010-2011: Admissions data from 2 schools in British Columbia, 1 school in Manitoba. Enrolment data from 1 school in British Columbia.
- 2011-2012: Admissions data from 1 school in British Columbia, 2 schools in Ontario, 1 school in Manitoba.

Enrolment data from 1 school in British Columbia.

2012-2013: Admissions data from 5 schools in Ontario, 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in Alberta, 1 school in Saskatchewan, 1 school in Manitoba

Enrolment data from 1 school in Ontario, 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in Saskatchewan.

Graduate data from 5 schools in Ontario, 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in Saskatchewan.

2013-2014: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec; 3 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Manitoba.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec; 3 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Manitoba.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec; 3 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Manitoba.

2014-2015: Admission data from 2 schools in Quebec; 2 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Alberta.

Enrolment data from 2 schools in Quebec, 2 schools in Ontario; 1 school in Alberta.

Graduate data from 2 schools in Quebec; 1 school in Ontario; 1 school in Alberta.

OIIQ reports the following for Quebec diploma and baccalaureate programs:

- 2010-2011: 4,898 students were admitted to diploma programs and 547 students to baccalaureate programs; 2,327 students graduated from diploma programs and 362 from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2011-2012: 4,579 students were admitted to diploma programs and 718 students to baccalaureate programs; 2,448 students graduated from diploma programs and 400 from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2012-2013: 4,609 students were admitted to diploma programs and 708 students to baccalaureate programs; 2,448 students graduated from diploma programs and 400 from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2013-2014: 723 students were admitted to baccalaureate programs; 578 graduated from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.
- 2014-2015 756 students were admitted to baccalaureate programs; 562 graduated from baccalaureate programs. Enrolment data were not reported.

	CANADA	NL	ΡE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2010-2011	2,298	43		83	*	1,173	285			470	240			
2011-2012														
2012 2012	2,269	54		77	*	1,198	367			388	185			
2012-2013	2,202	32		73		896	382		52	487	280			
2013-2014	2,749	7		68		1,654	329			432	259			
2014-2015	2,149	Ι		00		1,004	329			432	209			
	1,985	10		83		1,203	254			188	247			
ENROLMENT														
2010-2011														
	7,499	111		450	111	3,553	1,189	128		1,552	405			
2011-2012	6,596	188		347	69	2,827	1,136	117	23	1,529	360			
2012-2013	( (50	115		332	21	2,979	987	89	136	1,505	495			
2013-2014	6,659	115		332	21	2,919	987	89	130	1,505	490			
	7,514	47		304	18	4,354	862	86	6	1,351	486			
2014-2015	7,415	40		319	13	4,400	1,001	60		1,238	344			
GRADUATES														
2011														
	1,720	11		41	41	769	534	28		134	162			
2012	1,474	13		45	38	636	410	35	19	160	118			
2013														
2014	1,297	13		57	6	548	339	35	10	151	138			
	1,621	8		40	*	993	312	25	*	110	126			
2015														

Table 5: Post-RN Baccalaureate Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2010-2015 Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

## Notes

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2010-2011: Admissions data from 1 school in Alberta, 5 schools in British Columbia, 2 schools in Manitoba, 3 schools in Ontario, 1 school in New Brunswick, 1 school in Saskatchewan.

Enrolment data from 1 school in British Columbia, 1 school in Saskatchewan, 1 school in Ontario.

Graduate data from 2 schools in British Columbia, 1 school in Saskatchewan.

2011-2012: Admissions data from 5 schools in British Columbia, 1 school in Manitoba, 3 schools in Ontario, 1 school in New Brunswick, 1 school in Saskatchewan.

Enrolment data from 2 school in British Columbia, 1 school in New Brunswick, 1 school in Saskatchewan, 3 school in Ontario.

Graduate data from 2 schools in British Columbia, 1 school in Saskatchewan, 1 school in New Brunswick.

2012-2013: Admissions data from 2 schools in Ontario, 2 schools in Alberta, 2 schools in British Columbia

Enrolment data from 2 schools in Saskatchewan

Graduate data from 1 school in Alberta

2013-2014: Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec, 2 schools in Ontario, 2 schools in British Columbia.

Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec, 2 schools in Ontario, 2 schools in British Columbia.

Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec, 2 schools in Ontario, 2 schools in British Columbia.

2014-2015 Admissions data from 3 schools in Quebec, 1 school in Ontario.

Enrolment data from 3 schools in Quebec, 1 school in Ontario.

Graduate data from 3 schools in Quebec, 1 school in Ontario.

#### Symbols

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

## Table 6: Master's Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2010-2015

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2010-2011	1,025	27		21	17	179	374			270	137			
2011-2012	919	22		14	8	155	374		14	221	101			
2012-2013	775	23	*		23	127	270	7	16	214	85	7		
2013-2014	923	20	5	6	8	195	289	19	21	265	95			
2014-2015	987	20	*	13	19	194	345	22	20	265	87			
ENROLMENT														
2010-2011	2,580	103		83	61	505	740	66		680	342			
2011-2012	2,776	95	6	48	60	424	846	59	38	829	371			
2012-2013	2,607	76	6	46	57	354	778	103	45	774	361	7		
2013-2014	2,929	96	9	31	49	568	763	113	56	863	381			
2014-2015	2,809	88	11	20	56	477	806	77	45	901	328			
GRADUATES														
2011	644	13		11	7	115	304	17		115	62			
2012	696	10	6	9	12	104	311	11	20	141	72			
2013	619	15		22	10	80	283	18	17	101	73			
2014	611	17		12	6	81	255	11	14	139	76			
2015	688	18	*	13	9	107	260	12	*	162	101			

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2010-2011:	Admissions data from 1 school in Alberta, 1 school in British Columbia, 1 school in Manitoba, 1 school in Quebec, and 1 school in Saskatchewan.
	Enrolment data from 1 school in Saskatchewan.
	Graduate data from 1 school in Saskatchewan, 1 school in Alberta, 1 school in Manitoba, 1 school in Ontario, 1 school in Quebec, and 1 school in Prince Edward Island.
2011-2012:	Admissions data from 2 schools in British Columbia, 1 school in Manitoba, and 2 schools in Quebec.
	Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec
	Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec
2012-2013:	Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in British Columbia
	Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec, 1 school in British Columbia
	Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec
2013-2014:	Admissions data from 2 schools in Quebec.
	Enrolment data from 2 schools in Quebec.
	Graduate data from 2 schools in Quebec.
2014-2015:	All data usable.

- Figure not available •••
- •••
- Figure not appropriate or not applicable Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4 Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater \*
- \*\*

Table 7: Doctoral Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2010-2015

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2010-2011	80			*		18	21			21	16			
2011-2012	84					19	30		*	15	16			
2012-2013	73					14	33		*	14	8			
2013-2014	87					30	23	*	*	19	9			
2014-2015	75			*		20	24		*	20	6			
ENROLMENT 2010-2011														
2011-2012	480			21		92	178			125	64			
2012-2013	447			18		92	155		9	101	72			
	445			16		88	171	6	14	91	59			
2013-2014	398	*		11		114	104	10	14	94	48			
2014-2015	415	*		10		100	151	9	14	102	26			
GRADUATES														
2012	89			*		12	51			19	6			
	66			*		11	25		9	14	6			
2013	61			*		10	26			11	10			
2014	58			*		14	21		*	13	6			
2015	66			*		11	27			17	8			

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

2010-2011:	Admissions data from 1 school in Saskatchewan.
	Enrolment data from 1 school in Saskatchewan.
	Graduate data from 1 school in Saskatchewan, 1 school in Manitoba, 1 school in Quebec.
2011-2012:	Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec.
	Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec.
	Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec.
2012-2013:	Admissions data from 1 school in Manitoba.
	Graduate data from 1 school in Saskatchewan.
2013-2014:	Admissions data from 1 school in Quebec.
	Enrolment data from 1 school in Quebec.
	Graduate data from 1 school in Quebec and 1 school in Manitoba.
2014-2015	All data was usable.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

## Table 8: Nurse Practitioner Programs — Admission, Enrolment and Graduate Data, 2010-2015

Admission and enrolment data are reported by academic year. Graduate data are reported by calendar year.

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
ADMISSIONS														
2010-2011	467				12	50	178		11	182	30	7		
2011-2012	300			14	16	20	177		22	25	26	*		
2012-2013	514	6		20	6	44	214		33	164	27			
2013-2014	577	16	*	16	12	54	252		30	165	29			
2014-2015	757	*				53	279	19	41	331	30			
ENROLMENT														
2010-2011	1,117	10			41	75	425	11	22	455	70	8		
2011-2012	999	11		47	57	32	387	23	61	280	94	7		
2012-2013	1,216	25		90	27	107	385		67	453	62			
2013-2014	1,487	35	*	42	36	143	503		71	540	114			
2014-2015	1622	5	*			110	596	30	81	695	102	*		
GRADUATES														
2011	408	10			8	30	249	5	*	72	26	*		
2012	362	5		16	14	15	197	7	9	72	24	*		
2013	355	6		15	4	41	185		18	53	33			
2014	449	8		13	3	52	239		13	91	31			
2015	532	5	*	12	3 18	52 46	239	 11	20	91	31			

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 2010-2011: Admissions data from 1 school in British Columbia, 1 school in Manitoba, 1 school in Saskatchewan. Enrolment data from 1 school in Saskatchewan. Graduate data from 1 school in Saskatchewan. Admissions data from 1 school in British Columbia, 1 school in Alberta, 1 2011-2012: school in Manitoba, 1 school in Ontario, and 2 school in Nova Scotia. Enrolment data from 1 school in Nova Scotia, and 1 school in British Columbia. Graduate data from 1 school in Nova Scotia. 2012-2013: Admissions data from 1 school in Manitoba, 1 school in British Columbia Enrolment data from 1 school in British Columbia. 2013-2014: Admissions data from 1 school in Newfoundland and Labrador and 1 school in Manitoba. Enrolment data from 1 school in Newfoundland and Labrador. Graduate data from 1 school in New Brunswick and 1 school in Newfoundland and Labrador.
- 2014-2015 All data was usable.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 9: Full-Time Faculty by Age Cohort, 2015

	2015
Age Cohort	
<35	115
35-39	192
40-44	231
45-49	254
50-54	356
55-59	335
60+	409
Total	1892

#### Notes

The overall response rate to this question was 79.8%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 4 schools in Quebec
- 8 schools in Ontario
- 2 schools in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 3 schools in British Columbia

The number of full-time permanent faculty (1,892) in this table is less than the number of fulltime permanent faculty reported in Table 10 (4,011) as age cohort results were not available for all faculties.

#### Table 10: Number of Full-Time Faculty, 2015

CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
2,800	87	9	66	72	739	635	101	191	330	555	14	*	
1,211	10	21	23	29	220	470	109	7	184	127	0	**	
4,011	97	30	89	101	959	1,105	210	198	514	682	14	6	
	2,800 1,211	2,800 87 1,211 10	2,800 87 9 1,211 10 21	2,800 87 9 66 1,211 10 21 23	2,800 87 9 66 72 1,211 10 21 23 29	2,800 87 9 66 72 739 1,211 10 21 23 29 220	2,800 87 9 66 72 739 635 1,211 10 21 23 29 220 470	2,800         87         9         66         72         739         635         101           1,211         10         21         23         29         220         470         109	2,800         87         9         66         72         739         635         101         191           1,211         10         21         23         29         220         470         109         7	2,800         87         9         66         72         739         635         101         191         330           1,211         10         21         23         29         220         470         109         7         184	2,800         87         9         66         72         739         635         101         191         330         555           1,211         10         21         23         29         220         470         109         7         184         127	2,800       87       9       66       72       739       635       101       191       330       555       14         1,211       10       21       23       29       220       470       109       7       184       127       0	2,800 87 9 66 72 739 635 101 191 330 555 14 * 1,211 10 21 23 29 220 470 109 7 184 127 0 **

#### Notes

The overall response rate to this question was 80.1%

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 19 schools in Quebec
- 5 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 1 school in Alberta
- 1 school in British Columbia

The number of full-time permanent faculty in this table (4,011) is greater than the number of full-time permanent faculty reported in Table 9 (1,892) as age cohort results were not available for all faculties.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
Baccalaureate, nursing														
	12			11				*						
Baccalaureate, other	*						*							
Master's, nursing	88	*	*		15	*	*	*	9	22	28		*	
Master's, other	22			*		*	*		7	*	8			
Doctoral, nursing	110	6	*	13	*	11	45		*	11	13			
Doctoral, other	63	*	*		7	5	18	*	16	*	9			
Post-doctoral, nursing	14			*		*				5	*			
Post-doctoral, other	8				*	*	*				*			
Nurse practitioner, level not stated														
Nurse practitioner, master's level	5	*					*		*	*	*			
Nurse practitioner, post-master's level	*								*	*				
Total	328	12	8	28	26	26	72	4	36	49	63	0	*	

#### Table 11: Academic Upgrading Underway — Full-Time Faculty, 2015

#### Notes

The overall response rate to this question was 79.8%. Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 4 schools in Quebec
- 8 schools in Ontario
- 2 schools in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 3 schools in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4

## Table 12: Full-Time Faculty Positions Reported as Filled, 2015, and Full-Time Faculty Positions Reported as Approved to be Filled, 2016

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
Positions filled in 2015	211	6	0	13	6	9	41	10	11	63	51	0	1	
Positions to be filled in 2016	243	7	2	12	13	14	51	11	26	58	48	1	0	
Total	454	13	2	25	19	23	55	21	37	121	99	1	1	

## Notes

The overall response rate to this question was 79.8%.

- Summary of omitted and unusable data:
  - 3 schools in Quebec
  - 8 schools in Ontario
  - 2 schools in Manitoba
  - 2 schools in Alberta
  - 3 schools in British Columbia

Value suppression is not applicable to these results.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable

	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
Full-time permanent	45	3		•••	1	4	8	2	11	10	6			
Full-time contract	4			1		1		1		1				
Total	49	3		1	1	5	8	3	11	11	6			

#### Table 13: Full-Time Faculty Positions, Approved and Unable to Fill, 2015

#### Notes

#### Notes

The overall response rate to this question was 77.7%. Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 4 schools in Quebec
- 10 schools in Ontario
- 2 schools in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 3 schools in British Columbia

Value suppression is not applicable to these results.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable

			-										
CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
6,571	114	1	266	95	1,676	2,679	29	191	795	721	4	0	

The overall response rate to this question was 78.7%

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

Table 14: Part-Time Faculty Contracts, 2015

- 20 schools in Quebec
- 6 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 1 school in Alberta
- 1 school in British Columbia

Value suppression is not applicable to these results.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4

Table 15: Full-Time Permanent Faculty on Leave, 201	15
---	----

CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
135			5	3	16	41	2	13	23	30	2		

The overall response rate to this question was 80.9%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 4 schools in Quebec
- 7 schools in Ontario
- 2 schools in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 3 schools in British Columbia

Value suppression is not applicable to these results.

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4

## Table 16: Faculty Category, Degree-Granting Schools — Full-Time Faculty, 2015

CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
ULL-TIME, PERN Full professor	IANENT												
369	*		7	16	45	37	62	9	56	133			
Associate profess 379	or 6	*	26	7	41	139	17	10	71	58			
Assistant profess 299	or 9	5	12	14	34	99	10	24	63	29			
Nurse educator 107	7		21	7	7	25			11	55			
Classroom (theor 92				*		11		*	19	57			
Clinical Instructor				10					*	30			
Nursing skills labo				10						50			
13				*		*			*	6			
Teaching assistant					*								
Technologist						*			*				
Other 119				14	*	21	*		24	59			
Total													
1,426 ULL-TIME, CONT	19 RACT	9	66	72	132	335	91	45	252	427			
Full professor										7			
24					16			-		7			
Associate professo 22				*	*	*			7	9			
Assistant professo 98	r *	*	10		5	10	62		*	*			
Nurse educator 99			*	12	*		*		52	28			
Classroom (theory 100	) instructo 8	or or lecturer		12		29	19	6		26			
Clinical instructor 112		15	8	*			14		41	31			
Nursing skills labo 13	atory inst	tructor			*	*	*			*			
Teaching assistant 0													
Technologist							*						
Other 131		*		*	40	9	7		55	17			
Total 592	12	21	13	31	69	50	108	7	159	122			

The overall response rate to this question was 80.1%

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 19 schools in Quebec
- 5 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 1 school in Alberta
- 1 school in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

Table 17: Faculty Category	Non-Degree-Granting Schools	- Full-Time Faculty, 2015
Tuble 17. Tuculty outegoly,	Non Degree Oranting Schools	run inne rucuity, 2013

CANA	DA NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
ULL-TIME, PERM	ANFNT												
Full professor													
1,030	) 0	0	0	6	607	252	0	120	20	11	14		
		0	0	0	007	232	0	120	20		14		
Associate profess		0	0	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	0		
	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		
Assistant professo	r												
8								8					
Nurse educator													
171	56						*		41	72		*	
Classroom (theory	) instructor or	lecturer											
68						22	5	14	0	27			
Clinical instructor													
22	5					*	*	0	0	11			
Nursing skills labo													
24	3					13		*	*	6			
						15				0			
Teaching assistan	Į.									*			
Technologist													
10						9			*				
Other													
22	*					*			15			0	
Total													
1,358	68			6	607	301	10	26	58	117		*	
ULL-TIME, CONT	RACT												
Full professor													
89					83				5	*			
Associate profess													
88					84	*							
					01								
Assistant professo 0													
Nurse educator									00			-	
28	*								20			5	
Classroom (theory	) instructor or	lecturer											
21						15	*	*		*			
Clinical instructor													
377						377							
Nursing skills labo	ratory instruct	tor											
25	*					24							
Teaching assistan	t												
Technologist													
 Other													
 Other 													
 Other					 167	420	*		 25	 5		 5	

The overall response rate to this question was 80.1%

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 19 schools in Quebec
- 5 schools in Ontario
- 1 school in Manitoba
- 1 school in Alberta
- 1 school in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

CREDENTIAL	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
Diploma, nursing	16				*		5	*	*	*	6			
Diploma, other														
Baccalaureate, nursing	449	9	13	12	30	7	94	11	29	127	109	5	*	
Baccalaureate, other	8				*		*	*	*	*	*			•••
Master's, nursing	1,072	65	10	24	32	64	282	*	82	213	289	6	*	
Master's, other	312	9		*	6	10	103	6	32	46	98			
Doctoral, nursing	411	11	6	19	14	49	116	*	40	81	72	*		
Doctoral, other	272	9		8	15	62	110	*	13	29	23			
Post-doctoral, nursing	63			5	*	14	23			18	7			
Post-doctoral, other	46			5		15	21		*	*	*	0	0	

#### Table 18: Highest Academic Credential — Full-Time Faculty, 2015

#### Notes

The overall response rate to this question was 81.9%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 4 schools in Quebec
- 7 schools in Ontario
- 2 schools in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 3 schools in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

CREDENTIAL	CANADA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	NU	ΥT
Nurse practitioner, post-baccalaureate level	15	*				*	6			7				
Nurse practitioner, master's level	80	*	*	*	*	*	27	6	8	12	14	*		
Nurse practitioner, post-master's level	22	*					8		*	7	*			
Nurse practitioner, other level	7	*		*			*			*		*		

#### Table 19: Nurse Practitioner Credentials — Full-Time Faculty, 2015

#### Notes

The overall response rate to this question was 81.9%.

Summary of omitted and unusable data:

- 4 schools in Quebec
- 7 schools in Ontario
- 2 schools in Manitoba
- 2 schools in Alberta
- 3 schools in British Columbia

- .. Figure not available
- ... Figure not appropriate or not applicable
- \* Value suppressed in accordance with CASN privacy policy; cell value is between 1 and 4
- \*\* Value suppressed to ensure confidentiality; cell value is 5 or greater

## Methodological Notes — Survey Tables

#### **Classification of nursing programs**

Programs are identified by a standard data code, which allows the RN education data to be attributed to one of six program categories.

Diploma	Diploma, Diploma Exit option, PN to RN, LPN to RN, and DEC					
Baccalaureate:	Standard, Generic, Collaborative, Accelerated, Fast Track, Advanced,					
	Second Degree Entry, Compressed, LPN to RN and RPN to RN					
Post-RN:	Post-RN Baccalaureate, DEC-BACC					
Master's:	Master's in Nursing, DESS					
Doctoral:	Doctorate in Nursing					
Nurse Practitioner:*	Nurse Practitioner, NP integrated with a degree program, (e.g.,					
	MN/NP)					

\*NP programs may be combined with or integrated into master's degree programs, and schools may or may not report separate data for these integrated programs. Where the data are reported separately it is recorded under the NP program.

#### **Collection Period**

Program inventory, admission, and enrolment data are collected on the academic year. This year's collection is for the 2014-2015 academic year.

Graduate and faculty data are collected on the calendar year. This year's collection captures these data for calendar year 2015.

#### **Data Collection Terms**

Admission: Admission results are calculated by totalling the number of first-time nursing students admitted to Year 1 of the program plus the number of advanced entrant students admitted in any year of the program.

Admission results include data for each intake offered throughout the course of an academic year.

Schools are asked to report admission results *after the allowed withdrawal date* of their institution.

Enrolment: Enrolment results are a count of the number of students enrolled in each year of study.

Enrolment results include data for each intake offered throughout the course of an academic year.

Schools are asked to report enrolment results *after the allowed withdrawal date* of their institution.

Entry-to-Practice

Programs:	Entry-to-practice (RN-ETP) programs entitle the successful graduate to apply
	for licensure/registration. RN-ETP programs include diploma, generic
	baccalaureate and entry-to-practice master's.

Graduates: Graduate results are calculated by totalling the number of degrees awarded by each institution throughout a calendar year.

See Appendix A for a list of the definitions provided to all schools.

#### **Data Limitations**

Data included in the survey tables are as reported by the schools that responded to the survey. See "Survey Response" below for details on annual response rates.

Schools sometimes provide data that are unusable or fail to report requested data. Each table is accompanied by a summary of omitted data.

#### **Out-of-Province/Territory Partnerships**

Colleges and universities may establish program delivery partnerships that cross provincial or territorial boundaries. In 2007, the treatment of graduate data from program delivery partnerships that cross provincial or territorial boundaries was amended so that graduate results would be recorded in the student's home province or territory. Admission and enrolment data continue to be recorded according to the program delivery responsibility of each partner. The handling of admission and enrolment data did not change. Historical graduate data have been adjusted accordingly. Please see "Survey Methodology" for additional details.

Out-of-province/territory baccalaureate collaborative partnerships as of 2014-2015 include: Aurora College, N.W.T., partnered with the University of Victoria, B.C.; Université de Saint-Boniface, M.B., partnered with University of Ottawa / Université d'Ottawa. Ont.; Nunavut Arctic College, Nunavut, partnered with Dalhousie University, N.S.; and Humber College, Ont., partnered with the University of New Brunswick, N.B.

#### **Survey Response**

**2010-2011:** The survey was issued to all 135 schools offering nursing programs; 111 schools completed the survey; 1 Ontario university (1 ETP baccalaureate program, 1 post RN Baccalaureate program, 1 master's program, and 1 NP program), 2 Ontario colleges (2 ETP baccalaureate programs) and 1 Quebec university (1 ETP baccalaureate programs, 1 post-RN baccalaureate program, and 1 master's program) and 20 Quebec CEGEPs/colleges (20 ETP diploma programs) did not complete the survey. *The overall survey response rate was 82%;* the CASN member response rate was 92%. On average, 66.0% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

**2011-2012:** The survey was issued to all 135 schools offering nursing programs; 111 schools completed the survey; 4 Ontario colleges (4 ETP baccalaureate programs) and 1 Quebec university (1 ETP baccalaureate programs, 1 post-RN baccalaureate program, and 1 master's program) and 17 Quebec CEGEPs/colleges (17 ETP diploma programs), 2 British Columbia colleges (2 ETP baccalaureate programs, 1 post-RN baccalaureate program) did not complete the survey. *The overall survey response rate was 82%;* the CASN member response rate was 93%. On average, 74.9% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

**2012-2013:** The survey was issued to the 135 schools of nursing offering programs; 114 schools completed the survey; *The overall survey response rate was 84.4%*; the CASN member response rate was 91.4%. On average, 72.3% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

**2013-2014:** The survey was issued to the 134 schools of nursing offering programs; 114 schools completed the survey; *The overall survey response rate was 85.1%*; the CASN member response rate was 94.6%. On average, 72.0% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

**2014-2015:** The survey was issued to the 136 schools of nursing offering programs; 115 schools completed the survey; *The overall survey response rate was 84.6%*; the CASN member response rate was 94.6%. See the tables starting on page 22 for more detailed information about omitted or unusable data. On average, 79.2% of schools responded to the faculty questions.

#### **Privacy and Confidentiality**

In accordance CASN's privacy policies, small cell entries between 1 and 4 are not reported. Some cell values of 5 or greater have also been suppressed to protect confidentiality.

## **APPENDIX** A

# National Student and Faculty Survey of Canadian Schools of Nursing 2014-2015: Survey Methodology

Registered nurses (RNs) represented 72.1% of the total regulated nurse workforce in 2015.<sup>v</sup>

#### General Methodology

#### Background

CNA began administering an annual survey on nursing students and faculty in 1963. In 2001, a new survey and methodology were developed for CNA by well-known statistician Eva Ryten. The Canadian Association of Schools of Nursing (CASN) led the development of the faculty questions that same year. CASN member schools tested the new survey prior to its initial distribution in 2002. Throughout the partenership, CNA and CASN have introduced changes to the survey to reflect changes in program delivery and to increase data related to faculty. All changes are tested at selected schools of nursing prior to adoption. CASN took over full administration of the survey in 2013.

In the mid-1990s, provinces and territories moved to phase out community college diploma programs and convert all new nurse supply education programs to undergraduate degree programs. Conversion to degree programs is complete in all provinces and territories except for Quebec. In 2010, a final intake of diploma students took place at two schools in Manitoba. The Northwest Territories and Nunavut converted to degree programs in 2010. Quebec continues to provide diploma programs while supporting the development of baccalaureate partnerships between CEGEPs/colleges and universities. The Yukon has no entry-level educational programs.

The following table shows the different stages of the transition from diploma entry-level to baccalaureate entry-level education.

Jurisdiction	Target Year and Status
Atlantic provinces (Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland and Labrador, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia)	1998 completed
Saskatchewan	2000 completed
Ontario	2005 completed
British Columbia	2006 completed
Alberta	2009 completed
Northwest Territories and Nunavut	2010 completed
Manitoba	2013 completed
Quebec	Quebec continues to offer diploma programs while supporting the development of baccalaureate partnerships between Collèges d'enseignement général et professionnel (CEGEPs) and universities.
Yukon	The Yukon has no entry-level educational programs.

Entry-to-Practice Education Requirements for Registered Nurses

The conversion from diploma to degree programs brought in its wake many statistical complications. The mechanism adopted to convert from diploma to degree programs was the introduction of collaborative degree programs. "Collaborative" refers to a relationship of cooperation between a university and one or more college-level institutions. The extent and type of collaboration models existing between a university and its collaborating partner or partners vary greatly. For example, the university may be responsible only for ensuring that the curriculum meets university degree standards, and the college may deliver the entire curriculum on its sites. Alternatively, the university may be heavily involved not only in approving academic standards but also in delivering sizable amounts of the curriculum on its campuses.

A data record linking process permits admission and enrolment data of programs delivered under a collaborative model to be linked to the graduate program data of the degree-granting partner. This approach allows for the statistical tracking of nursing students by qualification earned from the point of admission, by each year of enrolment, through to graduation. It also accommodates recent changes whereby some colleges now award baccalaureate degrees or have changed their institution type from college to university. Historical results have not been affected by these changes.

#### **Data Collection**

The survey requests information on the following:

- **Program inventory** covers all nursing programs leading to initial licensure (e.g., diploma, diploma exit, baccalaureate, collaborative baccalaureate) as well as formal programs furthering an RN's education (e.g., post-RN, master's, doctorate, nurse practitioner); includes distance education programs, multiple language offerings and multiple partnership arrangements. Collection period: academic year.
- **Graduates** by qualification earned, graduates by gender for each program listed in the program inventory, by partner, by site, where available. Collection period: calendar year.
- **Faculty demographics** details on faculty responsible for the delivery of programs listed in the program inventory, by gender, contract type, rank and status; these data include components such as highest academic credential, age cohorts, faculty on leave, average age of retirement, attrition other than retirement, and additional information on classroom ratios. Collection period: calendar year.

Admission and enrolment data are collected for the previous academic year to ensure that fall, winter and summer intake data are gathered. Graduate data are collected for the calendar year to align with annual licensing examination practices and health human resources planning. Admission and enrolment data are counted only after the school's allowed withdrawal date.

The data are completed by the appropriate designate at each school, and are reviewed and approved by the dean, director, program head or equivalent. On receipt, the data are reviewed by CASN to ensure that all programs, sites, partners and data elements have been included. Comparisons are made to program inventories from previous years as well as program data listed on each school website to ensure that data are representative of all programs offered by the school.

Disparities are resolved by the CASN program lead and the faculty member(s) responsible for the data compiled. The dean, director, program head or equivalent validates the data's accuracy and completeness, and approves the use of the data to prepare reports and to support research and policy decisions affecting the future supply of nurses in Canada.

When data are not reported, the omitted data are sorted by data type and captured in one of two categories: (1) not available, or (2) not appropriate or applicable. Omitted data are identified in the reports.

In 2009, an online version of the survey was made available to CASN members. In 2014-2015, the online survey was available to all schools.

#### **Data Organization**

The data derived from the survey accommodate the increasing variety and complexity of nursing education models in Canada, including NP education models. The data are organized to allow for statistical trends to be tracked at provincial/territorial and national levels by qualification earned.

Another component of data organization accommodates the increasing variety of NP programs. NP programs may be combined with or integrated into master's degree programs, and schools may report separate data for these integrated programs. In these instances, data are recorded under the NP program. If the school is unable to provide the data separately (e.g., some integrated programs are reported such that all admission, enrolment and/or graduate data are included in the master's program), then all the data are included under the master's program.

Links are established between partners offering collaborative baccalaureate programs such that admission, enrolment and graduate data records mirror the delivery of each partner. A baccalaureate program is attributed to each partner offering a part of the baccalaureate program. This approach allows for the statistical tracking of nursing students by qualification earned from the point of admission, by each year of enrolment, at each partner site through to graduation. It also accommodates recent changes whereby some colleges now award baccalaureate degrees or have changed their institution type from college to university. Historical results have not been affected by these changes.

Colleges and universities may establish program delivery partnerships that cross provincial or territorial boundaries. In 2007, the treatment of graduate data from program delivery partnerships that cross provincial or territorial boundaries was amended so that graduate results would be recorded in the student's home province or territory. Admission and enrolment data continue to be recorded according to the program delivery responsibility of each partner. The handling of admission and enrolment data did not change. Historical graduate data have been adjusted accordingly. Please see "Survey Methodology" for additional details.

#### Tables

The survey data are summarized in 19 tables for distribution to schools of nursing and interested parties (e.g., CASN member schools, researchers, government departments). Each table contains important notes covering data scope, updates to previous years' data, omissions and acknowledgments.

It is important to review the program names included in each of the program categories listed in the various tables. Equally important is an understanding of the approach taken to collaborative baccalaureate programs, data pertaining to NP programs and partnerships outside provincial or territorial boundaries. See the section "Background," above, for information on this point as well as "Data Organization." A review of the definitions used in the survey, in the next section, is also recommended.

## **Data Confidentiality and Privacy**

As part of the 2014-2015 survey submission procedures, each school completed a confidentiality and approval release form authorizing CASN to release the data for purposes of research, policy-making, advocacy, etc.

CASN staff adheres to CASN's privacy policy, available on the CASN website.

## Definitions Used in the Survey

#### Advanced Entrants (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Students previously enrolled in a non-nursing program (e.g., bachelor of arts, physiotherapy, and bachelor of science) who transfer to an RN education program. These students have already completed some of the program's required courses. As a result, they may be approved to join an existing student cohort in Year 2 or Year 3, and so on. Data reported in this selection are included in the calculation of admissions.

Advanced entrants include:

- students previously enrolled in school X in a non-nursing program who transfer to an RN education program in school X;
- students previously enrolled in school Y in a non-nursing program who transfer to an RN education program at school X; and
- students with a degree from a non-nursing program who enter an RN education program.

Note: Advanced entrants differ from first-time students. See the definition for "first-time students."

## Baccalaureate Program Collaborative Delivery

A baccalaureate program offered in partnership between a university and another institution. Program partners may also belong to a consortium.

## Baccalaureate Program University Delivery

A baccalaureate program offered solely by a university; no partners are involved.

## Campus Site

The school site (campus) where a program is offered.

## **Continuing Students** (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Continuing students include:

- full-time students who progress to the next year of study without interruption, remaining with the same student cohort from one year of study to the next;
- part-time students who require more than one academic year to complete all required courses; and
- students who fail a course in a particular year of an RN education program but are permitted to move to Year 2 (policy may vary from one school to another).

## Employment Status

A description of the employment status of faculty members. Includes tenured/tenure-track (permanent), non-tenured (non-permanent), full-time and part-time status.

*Enrolment* (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date) The number of students enrolled in each year of study.

## Enrolment Status

The type of student enrolled in a given program. Student enrolment status options are

- first time;
- continuing;
- advanced entrant;
- repeater;
- returnee leave of absence;
- transfer-in internal; and
- transfer-in external.

## Faculty Categories

The categories (i.e., faculty titles) provided may not apply to each school. Schools are encouraged to enter faculty titles in use at their school.

## F1 Category

Within a university, these people are *tenured/tenurable* faculty who teach nursing courses. Within a college, these people are *permanent full-time* or *permanent part-time* faculty who teach nursing courses.

## F2 Category

Within a university, these people are *non-tenurable* faculty fulfilling time-limited *contracts of one full academic year or longer* who teach nursing courses. Within a college, these people are *contract/non-permanent faculty* fulfilling time-limited *contracts of one full academic year or longer* who teach nursing courses.

## F3 Category

Within a university, these people are *non-tenurable* faculty fulfilling time-limited *contracts of less than one full academic year* who teach nursing courses. Within a college, these people are *contract/non-permanent faculty* fulfilling time-limited *contracts of less than one full academic year* who teach nursing courses.

## First-Time Students (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

New entrants to Year 1 of an RN education program. First-time students are found only in Year 1 data. Nursing students who are in Year 2 for the first time are not considered first-time students. Data reported in this selection are included in the calculation of admissions.

Note: First-time students differ from advanced entrants. See the definition of advanced entrants.

## Intake

The number of times in an academic year when students enter programs. Sometimes *intake* is confused with the number of students admitted.

## **Program Category**

Data are recorded in the database according to the following program categories: baccalaureate programs — university delivery, baccalaureate program — collaborative delivery, post-RN, master's, doctoral, nurse practitioner. Each program category may contain multiple programs.

Example: Program category "post-RN" — the school may offer a post-RN program on-site as well as a post-RN program via distance. Both programs are listed under program category "post-RN".

## **Program Duration**

The expected number of years/semesters required to complete the entire program based on full-time program delivery.

## Qualification

The name of the credential awarded upon successful completion of a program (e.g., BN, BScN, MN).

## **Repeater Students** (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Students who must repeat an entire year of study because they failed to meet their RN education program requirements in a given year (policy may vary from one school to another). However, students who are allowed to move on to the next year of the program while at the same time repeating a course from a previous year of study are not to be included in this enrolment status option. See "continuing students."

# **Returnee Leave of Absence (LOA) Students** (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Students who return to an RN education program following a school-sanctioned leave of absence (LOA) (e.g., maternity leave). The school policy regarding the amount of time a student may be absent dictates which students are included in this enrolment status option.

## Roll-up Results

The combined total of program results where the programs belong to the same program category.

## Transfer-In Internal Students (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

These students continue in an RN education program without interruption but transfer to a different campus of the same school to do so. These students have previously been counted in the program data of the original campus. This new enrolment status option permits schools with multiple campuses to better track the flow of nursing students across their various campus locations.

Note: In past years, some schools reported these students as "continuing students". If possible, please specify transfer-in internal students.

## *Transfer-In External Students* (counted as of the school's allowed withdrawal date)

Students who started an RN education program at one school and transferred to a second school to continue their studies while remaining in the same program category. These students have previously been included in the program data of the original school. This new enrolment status option allows the receiving school to differentiate between transfers who are nursing

students from other institutions and non-nursing students (see related information under "advanced entrants").

Note: In past years, some schools reported these students as "continuing students," while others chose "first time" in Year 2, etc. Transfer-in external students should be identified where possible.

#### Endnotes

<sup>i</sup> Med-Emerg Inc. (2006). *Building the future: An integrated strategy for nursing human resources in Canada. Phase II final report.* Ottawa: Nursing Sector Study Corporation.

<sup>ii</sup> Regan, S., Thorne, S., & Mildon, B. (2009). Uncovering blind spots in education and practice leadership: Towards a collaborative response to the nurse shortage. *Canadian Journal of Nursing Leadership*, 22(2), 30-40.

<sup>iii</sup> Canadian Institute for Health Information. (2015). Regulated nurses 2015 Report. Ottawa: Author.

<sup>iv</sup> National Education Association: Higher Education Research Center. (2007). *Part-time faculty: A look at data and issues, 11*(3), 1-12.

<sup>v</sup> Canadian Institute for Health Information. (2014). *Regulated nurses 2015 Report*. Ottawa: Author.